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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

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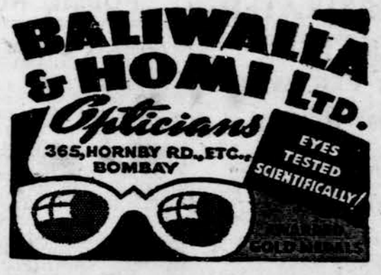

Greater Rajasthan In The Offing

DELHI TALKS FOR BIGGEST ADMINISTRATIVE UNIT

Rulers Draft Covenant: Move For Integration Of Matsya

NEW DELHI, Feb. 13.

The Greater Rajasthan Union is likely to be formed, according to schedule, by February 15.

It is learnt that the final covenant of this Union would be marked by some special features, including a greater measure of Central control in legislative and administrative matters. The union, if formed, will emerge as the biggest administrative unit in India.

The Matsya Union may be integrated either in part or as a whole with Greater Rajasthan or the United Provinces.

DISCUSSION WITH RULERS

The future of the Matsya Union was discussed today in New Delhi by the rulers of the states of the Union and the officials of the Ministry of State of the Government of India. The meeting followed a series of talks which the Advisor of the States Ministry, Mr. V. P. Menon, and other officials are having with the rulers of the Rajasthan and Rajputtana States aimed at the formation of a Greater Rajasthan Union.

The Matsya Union, which consists of Alwar, Bharatpur, Dholour and Karauli States, is a small territory of over seven thousand square miles wedged in between the United Provinces and the Rajputana states.

Another conference which was scheduled to be held this afternoon for the finalisation of the Draf Covenant regarding Greater Rajasthan with the rulers of Bikaner, Jaipur, Jodhpur, Jaisalmer and the staes in the present Rajasthan Union, Kotah, Dungarpur, Bunswara, Dundi Pratabgarh and others was postponed till tomorrow afternoon.

In informed circles, it is believed that the Draft Covenant would be marked by some new features including a greater measure of entral over the administration of the Union. There is likely to be a special provision for the recognition of the Maharaja of Udaipur as the Maharajpramukh in view of the importance of his House.

The Union, if formed will emerve as the biggest administrative unit in India as the four Rajaputana states and the States of the Rajashtan Union alone will comprise an area of over 12,4,000 square miles with an estimated revenue of over Rs. 11 crores.

The UPI adds: Mr. N. M. Buch, Joint-Secretary of the Ministry of the States, who flew to Udaipur on February 11 to seek the approval of the Ruler of Udaipur to the draft covenant for the formation of the Greater Rajasthan Union, returned to New Delhi yesterday.

With the acceptance of the Maharana of Udaipur of the draft covenant, the Greater Rajasthan Union is likely to be formed, according to schedule by February 15.

It is pointed out that the need for central control arises from the considerations that the Greater Rajasthan Union which comprises an area of one lakh twenty thousand square miles is the most backward political unit in the country.

Peace Mission Takes Off

SHANGHAI, Feb. 13 (UPA): An unofficial five-man Nationalist peace delegation took off aboard a commercial airliner for Peiping today, hoping to get the Communists to call an early peace conference.

The group included the veteran diplomat Dr. W. Yen, one-time Ambassador to Russia. The group was accompanied by Shao Li-tze, head of the official peace delegation, and Huang Chi-hang, personal representative of acting president, Li Tsung-jen. The delegation was expected to confer with Peiping Mayor Yeh Chien-ying and perhaps Chou En-lay, one of the top Communist officials.

BID TO UNLEASH NEW WAR

Russian Commentator's Charge Against U. S.

MOSCOW, Feb. 12 (UPA).—"Izvestia's" international commentator charged today that the United States had exposed its intention of "unleashing a new war" by rejecting Premier Stalin's offer to conclude a peace pact.

He said the rejection "once again proves that United States ruling circles are deliberately avoiding an agreement with the Soviet Union because such an agreement would make the aggressive policy of the Anglo-American bloc aimless." He said a continuation of the "war psychosis" is considered necessary by American "ruling circles" to justify their aggressive policy in the eyes of the American and West European public.

He said, "The more insistently representatives of American ruling circles repeat their untenable arguments trying to justify their refusal of a peace pact the clearer it becomes that aggression and the unleashing of a new war is the official line of the ruling circles of the United States and England."

HUNGARY WANTS U. S. MINISTER REPLACED

BUDAPEST, Feb. 12, (PTI-Reuter): The Hungarian Government would agree to the appointment of another American Minister to Hungary if the present Minister, Mr. Selden Chapin, is withdrawn as Hungary has requested, a Government spokesman said tonight.

Talks With R. S. S. Chief

NAGPUR, Feb. 13 (UPI).—Sri T. R. Venkatrama, ex-Advocate-General of High Court, who arrived here from Madras yesterday, and Mr. B. G. Khaparde, ex-Minister of C. P. and Berar, met Mr. Golwalker, Chief of the R.S.S., this morning at Seoni where he is under detention and had about 90 minutes talk with him.

It is reliably learnt that Messrs. Sastri and Phaparde wanted an unequivocal reiteration from the R.S.S. leader regarding the attitude of the organisation towards the most-debated questions, namely, private army, national flag and constitution of the R.S.S. organisation.

It is understood that if the answers to these questions are satisfactory, they will urge upon the Government to release Mr. Golwalkar along with his colleagues to enable them to frame the constitution of the organisation and thus lift the ban.

TWO INDORE ABSCONDERS AMONG CITY ARRESTED

(From Our Correspondent.)

INDORE CITY, Feb. 13.

Of the eight Maharastran youths arrested in Bombay last weeks on suspecion of being engaged in some conspiracy two are Mahasabha and RSS workers of Indore, named Bal Ingle and Chorpade, who absconded from here on the night of January 30th last year, the day when Gandhiji was murdered para both these persons were also founder members of the Hindu terrorist organisation, Hindu Rashtra Dal which had among its founders Nathuram Godse and several other persons tried in Gandhi Murder Case.

INDIA'S PRIME MINISTER AT GUJERAT VIDAYAPITH

Pandit Nehru visited the Gu jerat Vidyapith, Ahmedabad, last week. (Left) A view of the gathering (Right) Nehru in his characteristic pose

U. N. OBSERVERS SET UP CONTROL CENTRE

Observance Of Cease-Fire In Kashmir

JAMMU, Feb. 13 (API).—Lt.-Gen. Delvoie, United Nations Military Adviser, and his team of nine truce observers have set up their control headquarters and are now in wireless touch with the headquarters of observers on the Pakistan side of the defence line.

An independent wireless system to facilitate their work has been provided by the Indian Army Signals Corps. On the event of a breach of the cease-fire order the procedure would be that the observer on the complaining side would first investigate the incident and later contact the Control Headquarters on the opposite side to make inquiries on that side and then make their respective reports to General Devoie who would bring the matter before the Kashmir Commission.

A separate headquarters for Gen. Devoie, who is over-all Commander of the observers both in India and Pakistan is expected to be set up shortly. The exact location of his headquarters has not yet been decided.

The Control Headquarters of the observers on the Indian side of the defence line now set up in Jammu is likely to shift to Srinagar for summer. Yesterday the observers visited the forward areas at Aknur and were later entertained to a dinner by Sheikh Mohammad Abdullah, the Kashmir Premier.

Today the observers visited Pindori near Suchetgarh border. Tomorrow they will visit Naushera.

Israel's Parliament Meets Today

JERUSALEM, Feb. 13, (U.P.A.): The first Jewish state body to be elected in 5,700 years meets tomorrow outside of the gray walls of Jerusalem's Old City to draw up a constitution for the free state of Israel.

PTI-Reuter adds:

First business of the Assembly will be to elect a State President. He will then ask Mr. David Ben-Gurion, as leader of the majority Mapai (Labour Party) to form a Government.

U. N. COMMISSION MEETS EGYPTIAN LEADERS

CAIRO, Feb. 13, (U.P.A.): The United Nations Palestine Conciliation Commission conferred separately today with Egyptian Premier Ibrahim Abdl Hadi Pasha and Foreign Minister Ibrahim Dessouki Abaza Pasha.

The Turkish delegate expressed satisfaction with the talks which he described as unofficial and friendly. He said that he was optimistic that a Palestine settlement could be reached.

15 CZECH OFFICERS TO BE TRIED

Alleged Espionage For Western Power

PRAGUE, Feb. 12 (PTI-Reuter).—The trial of Gen. Karel Kuttelwascher and 14 other high ranking army officers on charges of espionage for an unnamed Western power will begin in Prague on Thursday, it was announced here today.

The 15 men were reported to have been arrested last December although the charges were formulated on this month.

General Kuttelwascher led the Prague uprising against the Germans in May 1945.

Seven Malayan Terrorists Killed

SINGAPORE, Feb. 13 (PTI-Reuter).—Seven heavily armed Chinese terrorists were killed in six separate clashes between Malayan Government patrols and insurgents during the week-end.

NEHRU DEFINES SECULAR STATE

But Freedom To Individuals To Profess Any Religion

NO DIFFERENCES BETWEEN HIM AND SARDAR, SAYS INDIA'S PRIME MINISTER

GODHRA (GUJERAT), FEB. 13 (APTI).—PRIME MINISTER PANDIT JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TOLD A MASS MEETING ON THE BANKS OF THE MESHVI HERE THIS EVENING THAT THE SECULAR CHARACTER OF THE INDIAN STATE MUST BE MAINTAINED AT ALL COSTS. THIS DID NOT MEAN THEY WERE TO BE IRRELIGIOUS, OR A NATION OF ATHEISTS.

A secular state only meant that every individual in it was free to profess any faith he chose and no disability should rest on him by reason of his faith.

ARRIVAL IN GODHRA

The Prime Minister arrived in Godhra this afternoon by special train from Anand and left for Ahmedabad late tonight.

Earlier in the afternoon Pandit Nehru unveiled a bust of Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Deputy Prime Minister in the Town Square here. Godhra is the town where Sardar Patel began his career.

Addressing the gathering present, Pandit Nehru said it was "rather embarrassing" for him to make a speech on the occasion. His association with Sardar Patel for the last thirty years had been close and intimate. During this time they had seen the country pass through various stages. Both of them jointly had taken great decisions in regard to partition and other major questions.

TRIBUTE TO SARDAR

"Sardar Patel is a valiant fighter in the cause of freedom", Pandit Nehru said, "and having won freedom he is now engaged in retaining it. He has changed the map of India."

Pandit Nehru deprecated the suggestions in some quarters that there was lack of understanding between him and Sardar Patel. He said during the last three years in Delhi there was hardly a day or night when he (Pandit Nehru) did not take counsel from the Sardar.

TUMULTOUS WELCOME

As at Anand and everywhere else in Gujerat yesterday and today Pandit Nehru received the most tumultous welcome in Godhra. As Pandit Nehru rode through the streets in an open coach drawn by a twin pair of horses crowds snapped the police cordons and ran after the vehicle.

Policemen forgot their jobs for a while and joined in the popular demonstration of welcome.

In Godhra which was the scene of communal disturbances men of all communities could be noticed in the crowds that gathered to greet the Prime Minister.

Pandit Nehru then drove through Muslim localities and paid a visit to the town's Harijan quarters. Later he visited the Harijan Ashram where he received a deputation of local Muslim leaders and met Congress workers. He dined at the Ashram and before leaving for Ahmedabad attended a prayer meeting conducted by Mama Saheb Phadke, the Harijan worker of Godhra.

IS TITO ERSATZ?

Story Of Death Of Yugoslav Chief In Last War

BERLIN, Feb. 13, (PTI-Reuter): The British—licenced Berlin newspaper "Sozial Demokrat" today reported "rumours in East Europe and especially in diplomatic circles in Belgrade" that Marshal Josip Tito, head of the Yugoslav Republiic, was really a Soviet General named Lobiediev and not the former Croatian steel worker, Josip Broz.

In an article called "Is Tito Really Tito"? the paper suggested there were "many signs" to show that the real Tito was killed when Germans made a sudden parachute raid on his hideout near Zagreb in 1944.

It quoted the Polish emigrant paper "Lech" for reports that the brother and sister of Josip Broz did not recognise the "new" Josip Broz Tito when they visited him in Belgrade.

MADRAS BAN ON HAND-CARTS

MADRAS, Feb. 13, (U.P.I.): The Madras Government have amended the Madras City Police (Amendment) Act of 1947 providing that no person under the age of eighteen shall drag or push a hand-cart whether by himself or along with others. The penalty for breach is imprisonment which may extend to one month or fine which may extend upto Rs. 50.

ATTLEE DEFINES COMMUNISM

LONDON, Feb. 14, (PTI-Reuter): The British Prime Minister Mr. Clement Attlee says in a forward to a new edition of his book "The Labour Party in Perspective" that events since the war have "sharpened the distinctions" between the Socialism of the British Labour Party and the totalitarianism of the Communists.

The new edition published today—12 years after the original—is retitled "The Labour Party in Perspective 12 Years Later".

Mr. Attlee sums up the differences between the British Labour Party and the Communists in this way.

The Labour Party "believes the Socialist movement must be democratic and that the will of the majority must prevail".

The Communists base their sole philosophy on "seizure of power by an active minority".

IRAQ TO PUT 160 REDS ON TRIAL

BAGDAD, Feb. 12, (PTI-Reuter): Iraq will shortly put on trial 160 alleged Communists, General Nuri-Es-Said Pasha, Prime Minister, announced in Parliament today. He added the Government had also arrested seven members of the Bagdad branch of the Moslem Brotherhood Party, outlawed Egyptian ultranationalist movement, but was awaiting a communication from the Egyptian Government on this matter.

U.N. COMMISSION TO CONFER WITH REPUBLICAN LEADERS

BATAVIA, February 13 (PTI Reuter): The United Nations Commission for Indonesia has been invited to revisit Republican leaders on Kanka Island this week, after Mr. Merle Cochran, United States member, rejoins the Commission.

LANGE IN BRITAIN

To Meet Bevin Today

LONDON February 13 (PTI-Reuter) Mr. Halvard Lange, Norwegian Foreign Minister, said on arrival in Britain early today from Washington that he returned "with a clear picture of the situation".

Mr. Lange has been discussing in America Norwegian defence problems and the proposed North tlantic Pact.

At Prestwick airport he said: "We have a much better foundation for our discussions and we know more of the facts".

When it was suggested to him that the Northern Defence crisis had worsened by his visit to America, Mr. Lange replied: "That is typical of certain reaction in Stockholm which has very little to do with the facts".

REPLY TO RUSSIA

The Foreign Minister said Norway's reply to Russia would not be sent until after his return on Wednesday and after Norway had had time to consider.

He declined to comment on American assurances to Norway.

Mr. Lange will meet Mr. Ernest Bevin, British Foreign Secretary, tomorrow and will fly back to Norway on Tuesday night or Wednesday morning.

FOOD-POISONING TAKES TWO LIVES

CALCUTTA, Feb. 13, (A.P.I.): Suspected to be the victims of food-poisoning three persons out of a party of four, all hawkers, died this morning in Jorasanko area. The fourth man has been removed to the Medical College Hospital in an unconscious state.

It iis reported that these men, who were living together brought tea and bread from a tea shop in the area. After taking tea, two of them died instantaneously and another who remained unconscious for some time succumbed later. The fourth man who has been removed to the hospital is still lying unconscious.

Police investigation is proceeding.

JODHPUR JAGIRDAR'S REVENUE POWERS TAKEN AWAY

(From Our Correspondent.)

JODHPUR, Feb. 13 — The Jodhpur Government Rave decided to withdraw revenue power of Jagirdars. The necessary legislation is likely to be passed soon.

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD

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SITUATIONS VACANT

Young Hindu working Journalist of good family earning Rs. 500 - p.m. wishes to meet intelligent working girl of cheerful disposition, view friendship, exchange of ideas, companionship. Willing pay for all treats and incidentals Box No. 296 "Bombay Chronicle"

Wanted a whole time Representative at Bombay to represent a big industrial group. Qualifications atleast graduate. Preference will be given to persons with atleast five years experience in purchase of Mill stores and in representing big industrial concerns or Government department. Those having residential accommodation at suitable locality at Bombay with telephone connection if possible need only apply stating minimum salary acceptable to Box No 3328 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted for the Shakuntala Kantilal Jain Girls' High School. Lady Graduate and Under graduate trained teachers for Sanskrit, Mathematics and Gujarati. One full time P.T. teacher and one Montessory Trained Teacher. Apply with testimonials, etc: to the Honarary Secretaries: Bombay Mangrol Jain Sabha; 38 Queens Road: Bombay—1. (300)

Wanted divers fully equipped with complete necessary dress to work under water to remove obstacles in well foundations of a bridge under construction near Dehradun. Correspond Chopra Brothers. 7B, Saharanpur Road Dehradun. (298)

Applications are invited from B. Coms with Accounts possessing 3 4 years' experience. Apply with testimonials and stating salary required to The Associated Cement Cos. Ltd. 1, Queen's Road, Bombay. (3312)

Applications invited from smart and intelligent men and women for posts of Advertising Executives by the publishers of leading directory in India to contact industrialists, collect articles, trade particulars, advts. etc. Attractive terms or salary. Apply with references to Post Box 9019, Calcutta—16. (3280)

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Admissions — Davar's College of Commerce — Enrol immediately for new Batch just commenced for Professional Diplomas for Company Secretaries, Bank Officers, Accountants, General Commerce etc. Tuition personal or postal. Write or call for Prospectus 51. Esplanade Road, Bombay. (265)

BOOKS & MAGAZINES

American, British Magazine, subscriptions accepted at lowest publishers rates. Readers Digest Rs. 12/-, Life Rs. 25/-, also Technical Lists. International Book-House Limited, Fort, Bombay (3337)

Successful Wife. Read articles on "Happy Marriage and woeful tales of stranded ladies seeking employment, financial and matrimonial help. "Amar Sandesh" ladies English Monthly, Sadar Bazar, Delhi. 262

BUSINESS FOR SALE

For Sale modern well furnished Departmental Store, situated in the busiest and most central locality at Lucknow, Provincial Capital. The store contains ten departments. For details contact G.E.C.C. Ltd., 28 South Road, Allahabad. (3314)

BUSINESS OFFERS

Established shippers of soaps to Foreign Countries, Middle East, Ceylon, Mauritius and Far East are requested to contact us with their requirements for Toilet and Household Soaps against the export licence available with us. Please address your enquiries to Modi Soap Works Modinagar (Distt. Meerut) U. P 3297

First Class Agents required to handle import and nationwide distribution of high quality Belgian Sewing machines. Manufacturers' Representative in Bombay during February to discuss. Reply in first case to Box No. 3336 "Bombay Chronicle" when appointment will be arranged.

MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

In Bombay, one 3/4 ton D. C. air conditioning unit in good order with spare compressor Motor. Offers to Box 3326 "Bombay Chronicle".

Owner of first class Cinemas in Pakistan wants to buy West Pakistan rights of latest popular films. Correspond with Razak & Co., 8B, Gordhandas Market, Karachi. 287

Shop at Decora for Italian and American tapestry fabrics plain and printed evergiaze American Chintz Czech cut and painted glassware etc., etc. 97A Queen's Road Bombay 1. (6778)

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Cashew Nuts and Cashew Shell Oil. Excellent quality at cheap rates. Enquiries to K. S. Krishnan, 23, Padavattamman Koil St., Panruti (S. India.) (299)

PUBLIC NOTICES

BOMBAY PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

APPLICATIONS are invited BEFORE 15-4-1949, preferably from persons domiciled in the Province of Bombay and non-Muslims refugees from Pakistan for three posts of ASSISTANT EDUCATIONAL INSPECTORS IN THE BOMBAY EDUCATIONAL SERVICE CLASS I. The posts are reserved for persons with approved war service, if available, but failing such persons will be open to others. QUALIFICATIONS:—(a) At least first class B.A. or B.Sc. degree OR second class B.A. or B.Sc. degree PLUS second class M.A. or M.Sc. degree of statutory Indian or foreign university; (b) B. T. of Bombay University or equivalent University degree or diploma (relaxable in the case of officers from the Collegiate line); (c) Teaching experience for at least three years in recognised Secondary school or training Institution or college affiliated to statutory university; (d) Adequate knowledge of one of the regional languages of the Province. Candidates with at least second class B.A. or B.Sc. degree PLUS M.Ed. or higher degree in Education of statutory university and teaching experience as at (c) above, and knowledge of one regional language of the Province, also eligible. AGE—Not less than 23 and not more than 35 years on 1-8-1949. Relaxable in suitable cases. No age limit for Bombay Government servants. PAY:—Rs. 300-1100 PLUS cost of living allowance, compensatory local allowance and house rent allowance as admissible. Higher starting pay admissible. Application form supplied on receipt of a large addressed envelope with 3½ annas postage stamps and a CROSSED Indian Postal Order for Re. 1- payable to the Secretary, Bombay Public Service Commission, Bombay, who will also supply full details on request. (3334)

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY

ACCEPTANCE OF GOODS CONSIGMENTS AT CARNAC BRIDGE.

ON and from MONDAY, 14th February, 1949, applications for the registration of goods in full wagon loads and "Smalls" will, unless otherwise notified, be received in the office of the Goods Superintendent on specific dates, as shown in the following acceptance programme:

MONDAY Via Sabarmati and Via Viramgam.
TUESDAY Via Ratlam.
WEDNESDAY New Delhi.
THURSDAY Ratlam and Kotah Districts, including M. G. stations Via Mathura Junction and stations Via Agra East Bank.
FRIDAY Ahmedabad District (excluding Via Sabarmati and Viramgam).
SATURDAY E. P. Railway (Except New Delhi and Ghaziabad)
SUNDAY Bulsar District.

On each of the dates mentioned applicants for FULL WAGON loads are requested to form into a queue outside the Goods Superintendent's Office from 9-30 hours to 10 hours, and for "SMALLS" from 10 hours to 10-30 hours and hand over applications for the district concerned.

The maximum number of applications to be received for full wagon loads on each day will be 100, and for "Smalls" 200. Not more than 300 registrations will be allowed to be entered in the books including arrears.

Only one application will be accepted from each person in each of the queues.

From the first day that applications for each section will commence to be registered in accordance with this procedure (all old applications, except those received under authority from Government or the Chief Traffic Manager's Office, will be considered as cancelled.

No applications received by post will be entertained.

As far as "Smalls" are concerned, an application may contain different consignments to different consignees at the same destination, provided the total weight in each application does not exceed 120 maunds. An application must not contain more than one destination.

As each application is handed in at the Goods Superintendent's Office, it will be stamped with a serial number—This same serial number will also be stamped on an acknowledgment which will be given to each applicant.

On the day a special goods train to a particular district runs, consignments for despatch to stations on that district will be called in from applicants, whose serial numbers in the order of registration will be notified the previous day on the notice board near the Yard Forman's office.

Firms which are included in a fixed quota allotted for certain commodities will not be entitled to register applications under this system. (3341)

NOTICE

WANTED a LIBRARIAN with a Diploma in Librarianship for this Office on a scale of Rs. 100-8-140. The appointment will be made on a temporary basis in the first instance. Applicants should state their full qualifications, experience, age with date of birth etc. Applications should reach this office on or before 15th March, 1949.

Poona, 9th February, 1949.

D. C PAVATE.
Director of Public Instruction.
3317

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY
B. Y. L. NAIR CHARITABLE HOSPITAL

APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of Linen Matron and Home Sister in the B. Y. L. Nair Charitable Hospital in the grade of Rs. 130-7-200 plus Rs. 12 - per month as uniform allowance and free boarding and lodging. The appointment will be on probation for one year in the first instance.

Candidates who have worked as Home Sister in big Hospitals and or who have passed the General Nursing Examination will be preferred.

Persons in Government and other employ should suomit their applications through their Superiors.

Further details and forms of applications may be obtained from the Office of the undersigned. The applications should reach this Office on or before 25-2-1949.

By Order of the
Municipal Commissioner.
SUPERINTENDENT,
B. Y. L. Nair Charitable Hospital.
Lamington Rd. (North),
Jetha Street, Bombay 8.
(3330)

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, UNITED STATES OF RAJASTHAN UDAIPUR

APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of Agricultural Assistants in the grade of Rs. 80-120; must have passed I.Sc. in Agriculture or have undergone two years Diploma in theory and practical course in Agriculture from any recognised institution.

Application should reach this office not later than 28th February, 1949.

DIRECTOR OF AGRICULTURE.
(3318)

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS are invited from young men wishing to adopt a sea career in the Merchant Service as Deck (Navigating) Officers. Applications should be addressed to the Captain Superintendent, Nautical & Engineering College, Azad Maidan, Bombay. The applicants should conform to the following conditions:—

(a) Age between 16 and 18 years on the date of commencement of the course.
(b) Educational qualification — Matriculation with Mathematics.

NOTE:—Applicants who have passed the Inter-examination will be considered if not more than 19 years provided they passed this or the Matriculation Examination with Mathematics.

2. Candidates will be chosen by Selection Boards sitting at Bombay and Calcutta on dates to be notified to each qualified applicant, who will be required to travel to the centre at his own cost.

3. Applicants who are selected will be given pre-sea training for 3 months at the Nautical and Engineering College, Bombay. This College is residential. The cost of training, including charges for tuition, board and lodging will be about Rs. 160/- p.m. After the successful completion of the three months pre-sea course, the boys will be placed with shipping companies as Apprentices.

4. The next course commences on the 18th April, 1949 Last date for the receipt of application is 5th March 1949. For full particulars and application forms please apply to the Captain Superintendent of the College. (3275)

G.I.P. RAILWAY

ACQUISITION OF THE PACHORA-JAMNER RAILWAY BY THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

WITH EFFECT from 1st April, 1949, the Pachora-Jamner Railway which is at present owned by the Pachora-Jamner Railway Co. Ltd., and worked by the G.I.P. Railway will be acquired by the Government of India. From that date the Pachora-Jamner Railway will be owned by the Government of India, and will continue to be worked as hitherto as a Branch Line of the G.I.P. Railway.

The existing rates for Goods traffic chargeable on the Pachora-Jamner Railway will remain unchanged.

Passenger fares will be calculated as at present on the actual distances and the rates for all coaching traffic now in force will remain unaltered.

Concessions appearing in Rule 111 of Coaching Tariff Part I—A No. 4 of 1947 as are in force from time to time over the G.I.P. Railway will also apply subject to the same conditions over this section in local and through booking from April 1st, 1949.

Concessions for Military personnel etc. appearing in Appendix 'B' of Military Tariff No. 1 of 1943 will also apply over this section in local and through booking from the same date. (3144)

TENDER NOTICE.

THE EXECUTIVE ENGINEER, Shore & Thull Ghats, G. I. P. Railway, Lonavala invites tenders upto 15.00 hours on 24th February 1949 for supplying and loading into wagons sand at Dhond suitable for mortar to Railway specification. The form of tender, schedule and conditions of contract can be had from his office on payment of Rs. 2/- each. This sum will not be refunded. (3252)

NOTICE
BOMBAY SALES TAX DEPARTMENT.

APPLICATIONS are invited for the posts of Sales Tax Inspectors in Bombay Province including Bombay City and Mofussil Districts.

Pay Rs. 80-4-120-E.B.-5-170 plus dearness allowance admissible under the Rules (The Inspectors will get in addition Local Compensatory Allowance and House Rent Allowance if posted at Bombay and Ahmedabad; Local Compensatory allowance at Salsette Island and House Rent Allowance at Poona, Sholapur, Surat and Hubli according to Government orders).

Candidates should be domiciled in Bombay Province or refugees from Pakistan, and must be graduates in Arts, Science or Commerce of a recognised Indian University or Registered Accountants. Candidates should apply in their own handwriting stating age, date of birth, caste, qualifications and experience. Preference will be given to candidates who (a) possess a Commerce degree with accountancy or are Registered Accountants. Applications should be addressed to the Deputy Commissioner of Sales Tax, Old Custom House, Fort, Bombay and should reach him not later than the 28th February, 1949. (3342)

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY NOTICE

TENDER for the supply of sugar to Medical Officer (Schools) for one year commencing from 1st March, 1949, are invited and will be received by the Chief Accountant of this Municipality on 23-2-1949 not later than 1 P.M. (B.T.).

A set of tender forms will be issued on payment of Rupee one by the undersigned from whom further particulars can be obtained.

The tender deposit to be paid is Rs. 1350/-.

By order of the
Municipal Commissioner,
B. C. DASGUPTA.
Executive Health Officer.
(3345)

OFFICE OF THE CHIEF CONTROLLER OF EXPORTS
(MINISTRY OF COMMERCE)
New Delhi, the 7th February 1949.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

IT HAS BEEN NOTICED that a great deal of time of the Officers of this Office is taken up unnecessarily by persons seeking interviews. It has, therefore, been decided to restrict interviews as much as possible. With this object, the following conditions are laid down under which interviews will be granted by the Officers of the Office of the Chief Controller of Exports:—

(1) Interviews will be granted only by prior appointment made direct with the officer concerned.
(2) Routine enquiries regarding export trade control policy and procedure will be dealt with by the Enquiry Officer. Exporters are requested to make full use of this facility and avoid seeking interviews with other officers.
(3) The normal times for interviews are between 11 A.M. to 1 P.M. No interviews will be granted outside these hours without special appointment. The Enquiry Officer will, however, see persons during the office hours.
(4) No interviews will be granted by any officer below the rank of Deputy Chief Controller of Exports.
(5) Interviews will be granted only to Directors, Partners, Proprietors or whole time employees of the exporting firms on production of a letter of authority showing the nature of connection of the persons seeking an interview with the firm concerned. No interviews will be granted to agents or intermediaries.
(6) Exporters seeking interviews are requested to bring with them a written statement of their case. 3327

NOTICE
CHIT TENDER NOTICE

I. SEALED TENDERS will be received in the prescribed form by the Superintending Engineer (Highways) Tiruchirapalli at his Office at Court Compound, Tiruchirapalli up to 5 P.M. on 24-5-1949 for the work of Constructing a Bridge across Coleroon near Anaickaranchatram on Chidambaram-Shiyalai Road.

II. The proposal is to construct a bow string girder bridge of 14 spans of 150 ft. each with 22 ft. clear roadway and 5 ft. wide cantilever footpaths on either side designed as per latest I.R.O. loading.

NOTE: The site of the bridge is situated within a mile upstream of the Railway bridge near Coleroon Railway Station. (S.I.R.)

III. Copies of detailed tender notice, schedule of quantities with blue print plans may be obtained by intending tenderers from the Superintending Engineer on payment of Rs. 25/- for each set. This amount is not refundable. Sales tax will have to be paid extra by the purchasers.

IV. Tenderers, if they so desire, may submit alternate designs and quotations.

V. Tenderers are advised to send their Engineer Officers to inspect the site and get first hand knowledge of the local conditions before tendering.

S. C. NAYAK,
Superintending Engineer,
(Highways).
III Circle, Tiruchirapalli. 3290

NOTICE.
BOMBAY SALES TAX DEPARTMENT

APPLICATIONS are invited for the posts of Clerks (preferably knowing typing) in Bombay Pay Rs. 75-5-140-E.B.-6-200 plus dearness allowance admissible under the Rules.

Candidates must be at least matriculates and should apply in their own handwriting stating age, date of birth, caste, native place and domicile, qualifications (giving marks obtained at the Matriculation examination) and experience (with dates) if any. Applications should be addressed to the Deputy Commissioner of Sales Tax, Old Customs House, Fort, Bombay, so as to reach him not later than the 28th February, 1949. (3343)

THE BARSI LIGHT RAILWAY COMPANY LIMITED
(Incorporated in England)

APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of an Assistant Foremen in our Machine Shop in the grade of Rs. 260-15-350 plus usual dearness allowance. Candidates should have passed the Senior Cambridge or its equivalent of any recognised University and should have served their apprenticeship in an up-to-date Railway workshop and must be conversant with various types of machinery and knowledge of production methods with at least 10 years experience in a supervising capacity. Age on 25th February 1949 should not be less than 30 and more than 45. Applications with copies of testimonials should reach the Agent and General Manager, Barsi Railway Company, Limited, Kurduwadi, District Sholapur not later than 25 February 1949. (3333)

UNIVERSITY OF BOMBAY DEPARTMENT OF CHEMICAL TECHNOLOGY

APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of Singhanee Lecturer in Pharmacy in the scale of Rs. 200-20-400-25-500, plus the usual dearness allowance and the benefits of the University Provident Fund.

Six type-written copies of the application made on the prescribed form together with six copies of testimonials, should be forwarded so as to reach the Registrar, University of Bombay, Fort, Bombay 1, on or before the 28th March 1949. Further details and forms of application can be had from the Registrar.

S. R. DONGERKERY,
University Registrar.
Bombay, 9th February, 1949.
(3331)

PUBLIC NOTICE

IT IS NOTIFIED for the information of all concerned that SYED YUSUF SAHEB S/O Syed Ismail Saheb, Managing Partner of Mahbubia Match Factory at Mahabubabad in the Hyderabad State, Deccan, is negotiating sale, or lease of the said Factory. Our client Mst. KHYRUNNISSA BEGUM has a 3 annas 9 pies share in the capital, assets and profits of the said concern and the said Syed Yusuf Saheb has no right to sell, lease or in any way transfer the same without the consent of our client. All prospective purchasers, lessees or transferees are hereby warned against entering into any contract with the said Syed Yusuf Saheb regarding the said property, and if they do so, it will be at their own risk.

Karachi, 7th February, 1949.
F. GHULAMALI & CO.,
Advocates.
Noorbhai Jiwanji Trust Building,
Bunder Road, Karachi.
3292

LEGAL NOTICES

INDIAN PATENT RIGHTS

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Proprietors of Indian Patent No. 31760 dated 8th Dec. 1943 for "IMPROVEMENTS IN OR RELATING TO ANTI-CORRSION OILS," being desirous of exploiting the same in this country, are prepared to grant Licences for manufacture in India on reasonable terms. Full particulars may be had on application to—

REMFRY & SON,
Patent & Trade Mark Attorneys
Calcutta.
(3332)

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT ALLAHABAD
TESTAMENTARY CASE NO. 3 OF 1949.

IN THE GOODS OF CAPTAIN LESLIE ERIC MELVILLE HAYMAN, OF DEOLALI.

WHEREAS an application under the Administrator General's Act (Act III of 1913) for grant of Letters of Administration to the estate of the above named deceased has been made by the Administrator General, United Provinces, this citation is hereby issued calling upon all persons having any interest in the administration of the said estate to appear in this Court on the 18th day of March, 1949, and see the proceedings before the grant of Letters of Administration, is made.

By Order of the Court
(Sd.) ... ...
Deputy Registrar, Mataroad
(Sd.) ... ...
Administrator General, U.P.
5-2-49.

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF Right of cutting and removing 218 trees from Military Camps at Trombay on 17th Inst. at 10 A.M. under instructions from Government of India, Lands Hirings and Disposals Service, Bombay.

Terms: Full cash on the spot with 25 p.c. Security Deposit on purchase price.

N.B. Intending purchasers are requested to assemble on the day of Auction at 9-45 A.M. near Trombay Post Office at eastern end of Chembur-Trombay Road. Arrangements are made to take purchasers to the place of Auction from this place.

AUCTION SALE of 31872 cft. Hardwood and teak logs of various girth viz. 36" to 72" and C.K.D. Timber. Sleepers, scrap iron and furniture etc. on 22nd Inst. at 10-30 A.M. at Govt. Timber Stores Depot, Sewri, under instructions from Regional Disposals Commissioner Bombay.

Terms: 25 p.c. Cash deposit, for Particulars apply to us.

GANDHI & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF THE DOCUMENTS PERTAINING TO 12 CASES WOOLLEN BLAZER PIECE-GOODS IN ASSORTED COLOURS ABOUT 3725½ yds.

Under instructions from the Bank concerned and on account and at the risk of the Drawees, Ramchand Ambiram, C-5th, 389-91, Thakurdwar and in accordance with the instructions received from the Shippers' Bombay Office, M/s. BENNETT & CO. will sell by Public Auction on THURSDAY, 17-2-49 at 3 P.M. (S.T.) at their room, 120, Apollo Street, Fort, the documents and papers relating to the above cases, the cases are at present lying in the Bonded Warehouse of H.M. Customs (Duty unpaid).

Terms: 25 p.c. Cash Deposit and balance in 3 days.

BENNETT & CO.

The blood is the stream of life—the foundation of good health, it is common sense for everyone to cleanse the blood of impurities. Clarke's Blood Mixture is world famous as a blood purifying medicine and it can be recommended to remove the cause of health disorders arising from an impure state of the blood.

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A. C. SWITCHGEAR
Switchgear & Cowans Ltd
CUSTOM HOUSE CLEARING AGENTS
Enquiries Solicited
(3)

RACE FOR SIND PREMIERSHIP

Governor's Raj Expected

(From Our Correspondent).

KARACHI, Feb. 12: With February 16, the date fixed for the meeting of the Sind Assembly Muslim League Party to elect its leader who will become the new Premier of Sind is drawing nearer, signs are now visible that the party will not be able to put its full faith in one person and therefore it seems quite likely that in Sind also Sec. 92 will be applied and the Governor's Raj established.

It appears that there are three very serious candidates in the field for the leadership. They are Mir Ghulam Alf Khan Talpur, the present head of the interim Government, Mir Bandehali Khan Talpur, an ex-Premier and Kazi Fazlullah, next to Mr. Kuhro amongst his party-men.

Mr. Din Mohomed, the Governor of Sind appears to be following the game on the political chess-board very minutely and will be present in Hyderabad at the time of the meeting of the Assembly League Party.

Pakistan Government too have been watching with interest the movements of the various candidates running the race for the Premiership but they seem to be almost convinced that purer administration cannot be expected from any of the would-be leaders and therefore the only solution is the early establishment of the Governor's Raj. One more thing which appears to be pinching the Pakistan Government most is the fact that whomsoever is elected with a majority votes in the party will have to depend on the votes of the non-Muslim members in the Assembly.

No Hopes For Communism In E. Bengal

KARACHI, Feb. 12, (A. P. I.): Khwaja Nazimuddin, Governor-General of Pakistan said here today on his arrival by air from East Bengal that communism, though very active there, was not gaining much ground.

S.I.R. UNION'S STRIKE DIRECTIVE

GOLDENROCK (Trichy), Feb. 13, (A.P.I.): The Central Executive Committee of the South Indian Railway Labour Union, which met here today to consider the results of the recent strike ballot in which a majority voted in favour of a strike, directed the acting President and General Secretary of the Union either singly or jointly to serve a notice of strike on the South Indian administration commencing from March 9.

The Committee requested other railway unions to fix the same date as that fixed by the Union of Posts and Telegraph Workers, namely March 9, for an all India railway strike at the forthcoming meeting of the General Council of the All India Railwaymen's Federation at Dinapore.

The South Indian Railway Labour Union is a Communist-led organisation.

Mrs. Kripalani Unveils Mahatma's Statue

CALICUT, Feb. 12, (A.P.I.): In unveiling a statue of Mahatma Gandhi at Tirunavaya, the venue of the Ponaani Taluk Political Conference this morning, Srimati Sucheta Kripalani stated that if the erection of a statue should serve as a memorial to Gandhiji, it should be followed up with the constructive work, left behind him.

Gandhiji however did not require any memorial. Let us expiate the sin of his murder by dedicating ourselves to the carrying out of his constructive programme in full, she added.

Gandhi Remembrance Day At Nasik

NASIK, Feb. 12, (A.P.I.): Thousands of people yesterday paid their homage to the memory of Mahatma Gandhi by visiting the sacred "Ramakunda" in the river Godavari where a portion of the ashes of Mahatma Gandhi was immersed last year.

According to the decision of the M.P.C.C. the day was observed as a "Remembrance Day" and the programme included religious rites at the "Ramakunda", "Sarvodaya" exhibition, spinning and prayers.

VACANCIES THROUGH EVICTION ORDERS

Instructions To Landlords

The landlords while reporting vacancies occuring on account of the eviction ordered by the Court in the prescribed form, as required under Section 6 of the Bombay Land Requisition Act, 1948, request the Government to allow them or their relatives to occupy such premises. Before any such requests are considered, it is necessary to examine the merits of each case. To facilitate the examination in such cases, the landlords should invariably forward to the Government copies of the Court's orders allowing them to use the premises. It will then be possible for the Government to know what view the Court took in passing the ejectment order. The landlords approaching the Government with such proposals are, therefore, requested to forward to it the minutes of the Court's proceedings and the decrees invariably in such cases.

LEGAL AID TO ILLITERATE AGRICULTURAL DEBTORS

Appointment Of Relief Assistants

The Government of Bombay has decided to appoint 31 Debt Relief Assistants in the 17 districts of the Province to assist the illiterate and backward class agricultural debtors in preparing applications, statements, etcetera, in the cases under the Bombay Agricultural Debtors Act and to watch their interests in the Civil Courts. They will not be allowed to do private practice.

Appointments to these salaried posts will be made by the District Judges concerned from amongst practising pleaders not connected with money-lending business. They will be posted to Civil Courts having a large number of applications for the adjustment of debts from backward or illiterate agricultural debtors.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 21 April, 2017

—FAMOUS CENTRES OF INDIAN LEARNING—

Allahabad University

Allahabad University was established in 1887 and reconstituted in 1921. It awards degrees in Arts, Science, Law and Commerce.

Students form a small but very important section of our population, for it is they who bring honour to India in the fields of medicine, science and literature.

Paper plays a vital part in the student's career. On it he records thoughts, ideas, progress: through the medium of the printed page he acquires knowledge of the world and peoples around him. Books, magazines, newspapers—these are an indispensable accessory to his daily life.

Titaghur manufactures paper of various kinds and qualities, to meet the increasing demand of modern India.

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CITY & SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Magh Vad 1, 2005
Muslim: Rabi-ul-Akher 16, 1368.
Parsi: Shahrever 15, 1318.
Sunrise: 7-8 a.m. Sunset: 6-39 p.m.
Hightide: 00-44, 12-42
Lowtide: 06-52, 18-43.
MUNICIPAL CORPORATION: 3-40 p.m. (S. T.)-

Today's Engagements

RECEPTION TO B. A. KHIMJI: The Indian Grain Dealers' Federation will felicitate Mr. Bhawanji Arjan Khimji, on his election as President of Indian Merchants' Chamber, today (Monday), at 6 p.m., at 'Dealers' Hall', Grain Dealers' Building 103, Kesowji Naik Road, Bombay 9. Mr. K. M. Munshi, will preside.

INDIAN PHARMACEUTICAL ASSOCIATION: The Association has inaugurated a "practising Pharmacists Section" to solve the problems of the practising pharmacists arising out of the enforcement of the Drugs Act and Pharmacy Act. The following have been elected as office bearers of the Section:—Messrs. R. S. Rousell, Kudalkar, V. Baxi, K. V. Kutlip, M. E. Banbakode.

P. E. N. PUBLIC LECTURE: Prof. M. U. Malkani will speak on "Philosophy of Shah Latif of Sind", today (Monday), at 6-15 p.m., Town Hall. Shri Lalchand A. Jagtiani, will preside.

Radio

BOMBAY, Monday, Feb. 14.
244 m. (1,231 kc/s)
31, 41 m. (9,550 kc/s)
7-30 a.m. Tarana 7-40 News (M) 7-50 News (G) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 D. K. Bidwe 8-45 Master Nisar 9-0 Tarabai Gadagkar.
244 m. (1,231 kc/s)
41.44 m. (7,240 kc/s)
12-0 p.m. Behnon Ke Liye 12-45 News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 Surio Suno 1-25 News (H) 1-30 News (E) 1-40 Dance Music.
244 m. (1,231 kc/s)
31.41 m. (9,550 kc/s) till 7-30 p.m.
41.44 m. (7,240 kc/s)
from 7-45 to 11-0 p.m.
4-20 Pandurang Amberkar 4-30 Susheela L. Pai 5-0 D. K. Bidwe 5-15 Tarabai Gadagkar 5-45 Pandurang Amberkar 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (H) 6-15 Master Nisar 6-30 Vilayat Hussain 7-0 Topic of the Day 7-10 Local Announcements and Weather Report 7-15 D. K. Bidwe 7-30 Gunegar Manas Talk in Gujarati by Dr. Raman Patel 7-45 Pankaj Mullik 8-0 News (M) 8-15 News (G) 8-30 D. K. Bidwe 9-0 News (E) 9-15 News (H) 9-40 Anything Goes 9-45 Talk in English 10-0 Vilayat Husain.
VARIATIONS.
41.44 m. (7,240 kc/s)
7-30 a.m. News (K) 7-40 Bhavgeet 6-15 p.m. Calling Rural Listeners 7-15 News (K).
61.48 m. (4,880 kc/s)
7-46 p.m. Commercial News 8-0 Susheela L. Pai 8-15 Govindswami Aphale 9-0 Pandurang Amberkar 9-25 Master Nisar 10-0 Wilfred Forbes (Violin) 10-20 Amedita Galli Curci 10-40 Ernst Politzer.

BARODA, Feb. 14.
250 m. (1,200 kc/s)
7-30 a.m. Madhur Geet 7-50 News (G) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 Bhailal Barot (Flute) 6-0 p.m. News (E) 6-10 Local Announcements and Weather Report 6-15 For Rural Listeners Relayed from Bombay 6-35 S. K. Panchakshari 6-50 P. G. Shinde (Violin) 7-0 Syed Miyan and Party 7-15 P. G. Shinde (Violin) 7-30 S. K. Panchakshari 7-45 Topical Talk 7-55 Musical Interlude 8-0 Syed Miyan and Party 8-15 News (G) 8-30 Bhailal Barot (Flute) 8-45 Syed Miyan and Party 9-0 News (E) 9-15 Somvare Rate 9-30 S. K. Panchakshari 9-45 Bhailal Barot (Flute).

'EDUCATION FOR THE BLIND'

NEW DELHI, Feb. 13, (A. P. I.): AIR, Delhi will broadcast on February 14, at 9-40 p.mm. a talk by Dr. Milton T. Stauffer on "Education for the Blind". This will include a message from Dr. Hellen Keller, and can be heard on 338.6 and 85.84 meters.

WEATHER

WEATHER SUMMARY

POONA, Feb 13 (API): The following is the daily weather summary for Sunday, Feb. 13 1949:—

The East Punjab disturbance is passing away this morning through hills of the East Punjab and the West United Provinces.

There have been fairly widespread thunder-showers in and near the hills of the East Punjab and the West United Provinces and local thunder-showers in Bihar and Gujarat. A few showers are also reported from the East United Provinces, Saurashtra, Madhya Bharat and Bhopal and north Rajputana.

Night temperatures have markedly fallen in north-west India including Saurashtra and Cutch.

Forecast valid until the evening of 14th. Thunder-showers will be widespread in sub-Himalayan west Bengal and Chota Nagpur and occur locally in Bihar and Assam. A few thunder-showers are also likely in the east United Provinces, the East Punjab, Gangetic West Bengal, Orissa, the south-east Central Provinces, south-east Hyderabad, along the east coast of the peninsula and in the extreme south of Malabar.

Night temperatures will fall in the central parts of the country, the Deccan, south Gujerat and the Konkan.

WEATHER CHART

POONA, Feb. 13, (A. P. I.): The following is the daily weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours from Dec. 1, 1948 and departure from normal recorded at 08-00 hours (I. S. T.), on Feb 13, 1949:—

Ahmedabad 79 58 0 0 minus 0.7 0.1, Allahabad 84 58 0 1.3 minus 0.2, Bangalore 38 6 0 0.5 minus 0.2, BOMBAY 83 70 0 0 minus 0.3, Calcutta 86 63 8 0.1 minus 0.9, Colombo 91 66 0 70.5 plus 0.2, Delhi 80 50 8 0.9 minus 1.0, Hyderabad (Dn.) 9 63 20 0 minus 0.7, Madras 92 70 0 1.7 minus 5.3, Mahabaleshwar 79 5 0 0 minus 0.5, Mysore 89 64 0 0 minus 0.6, Nagpur 93 65 0 0 minus 1.1, Patna 76 69 T 3.8 plus 2.7, Poona 83 53 0 0 minus 0.3, Sholapur 92 61 0 0 minus 0.6.

Delivery Of Telegrams During Closed Hours

It was recently announced in the Press that firms, business houses, etc., who had registered their abbreviated telegraphic addresses could receive their telegrams during their closed hours by registering special delivery instructions on payment of a fee Rs. 20 yearly or Rs. 12 half-yearly.

Experience however, shows that it is impossible, especially at large telegraph offices, to comply with such special delivery instructions unless an abbreviated telegraphic address is also registered by the party registering such special delivery instructions. It has therefore been decided that special delivery instructions will be registered only for those who have previously registered a telegraphic address on payment of a fee of Rs. 20 yearly or Rs. 12 half-yearly. An additional fee of Rs. 5 yearly or Rs. 2/8 half-yearly only will be charged for registration of such special delivery instructions.

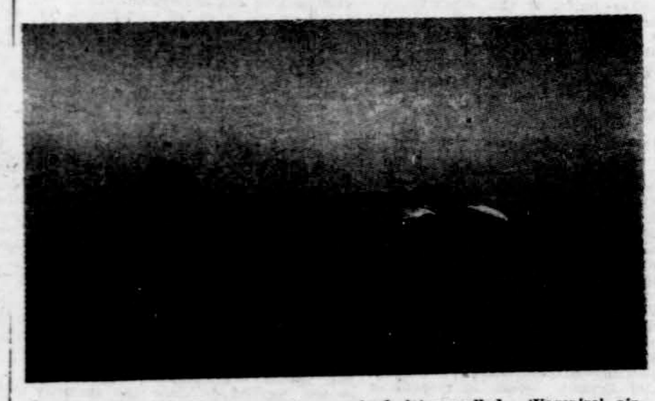
Public offices, firms, etc. who have already registered their telegraphic addresses are requested to take advantage of this additional facility and register special delivery instructions in their own interest, or, in the alternative, make immediate arrangements for receiving telegrams during their closed hours and thus avoid delay in the delivery of their telegrams.

Ex-Corporator Dead

BOMBAY, Sunday:

Thimansingh Manthuram, a Congressman and a former member of the Bombay Municipal Corporation for nearly 16 years died at his residence at Mahim on Saturday night. He was 57 years old. His funeral which took place on Sunday morning was largely attended. Among those present were Dr. M. U. Mascarenhas, Mayor, of Bombay, Mr. Purshottam Thakar, Secretary of the B.P.C.C., Mr. N. V. Modak, Special Engineer to the Bombay Municipality and a large number of Congressmen

JET-PROPELLED "VAMPIRE"



Royal Indian Air Force recently acquired jet-propelled 'Vampire' aircraft will shortly set out on a 2-week long range training flight across Peninsular India. People in Poona, Bombay, Bangalore and Madras will have an opportunity to see these propeller-less, high-speed planes, both on ground and in the air. This 'Vampire' is photographed during a recent test flight somewhere in Northern India.

7TH WEEK!

MANGAL'S MARATHI MUSICAL

JEEVACHA SAKHA

SULOCHANA, JAIRAM SHILEDAR

Daily 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30
Sat., Sun. 12-30 p.m.

MAJESTIC

A 'JAI HIND' Release.

Vampire Aircraft On Cross-Country Flight

NEW DELHI, Feb. 13, (A.P.I.): Royal Indian Air Force's recently acquired jet-propelled Vampire aircraft will shortly set out on a two-week long range training flight across peninsular India. People in Poona, Bombay, Bangalore and Madras will have an opportunity to see these propeller-less, high speed planes both on ground and in the air.

Serviceability of aircraft, weather and flying conditions permitting, the flight is scheduled to land at Poona on February 21, Bombay on February 24, Bangalore on February 28 and Madras on March 4.

The main object of this flight is to give the R.I.A.F. Vampire pilots a first-hand experience in high-speed long range cross-country flying, in operating from and maintenance of these machines at unfamiliar airfields, and to test fuel consumption at high altitudes, and varying temperatures.

FOOD PRODUCTION PROBLEMS

Director-General Making First Hand Study In 13 Member Countries

NEW DELHI: Mr. Norris E. Dodd, Director-General of the 58-nation Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations, who is now on a world tour personally investigating food problems of member countries, will arrive in New Delhi from Karachi on Thursday, the 17th February. He is scheduled to stay in the Indian capital till the 26th when he is to leave for Calcutta en route to Rangoon.

Since he was unanimously named by acclamation to the helm of affairs of the world Food and Agriculture Organization in June 1948, Mr. Dodd has been anxious to gather firsthand, in the main regions of the world, the problems which impede increased production and improved distribution of products of farms, forests and fisheries.

While in this part of the world, Mr. Dodd will discuss with officials of member Governments the principal agricultural problem of the region: increased production of food within the region itself to overcome the food shortage. Major problems for consultation will include means of financing projects, control of animal disease, improved transport, and the betterment of nutritive value of rice and rice diets.

PROGRAMME IN INDIA.

Besides discussions with Ministries of Agriculture, Food and Health, it is understood that Mr. Dood's programme in India will include visits to the Indian Council of Agricultural Research, the reclamation works at Ganga Khader Tubewell areas in Meerut, and the Forest Research Institute at Dehra Dun.

The two important FAO Conferences for the Far East during the current year, i.e. the International Rice Com-

F. A. O. Boss

Norriss E. Dodd.

mission at Bangkok on the 7th March, and the Indo-Pacific Fisheries Council at Singapore on the 24th March, will be inaugurated by Mr. Dodd. He is also expected to be present at the International Forestry and Timber Utilization Conference for Asia and the Pacific opening at Mysore on the 28th March.

While in Bangkok, Mr. Dodd will have the opportunity to confer with Mr. William H. Cummings, FAO Regional Representative for Asia and the Far East, on plans for furthering the work of this newly established FAO office to serve the Far East.

Earlier in his tour, Mr. Dodd discussed with European officials the restoration of the livestock industry in Europe, re-establishment of trade between Eastern and Western Europe, and increased output of forest products. In the Middle East he conferred with Government officials from member countries on the problems of irrigation, drainage, insect control, improved seeds, and more adequate supplies of fertilizers and other agricultural requisites.

Travelling with Mr. Dodd are M. Veillet-Lavallee, special assistant to the Director-General; Joseph L. Orr, assistant director of FAO'S Distribution Division and assistant Secretary-General of the International Emergency Food Committee, and Morris Greene, FAO Conference Officer. Mr. P. V. Acharya, FAO Regional Information Officer, will join the party in New Delhi.

Alleged Murder Of Mill Worker

BOMBAY, Sunday.—Govinda Matarba, a 25-year-old mill worker of Bombay was reported to have been murdered by some person. His dead body was found this morning on the West side, Vallabhbhai Patel Road, Vile Parle. There were 8 stab wounds on the body.

The Santa Cruz Police who took charge of the body found a third class railway ticket from Lower Parel Station to Vile Parle in the pant pocket. A mill identity card was also found.

The body was removed to J. J. Hospital Morgue where it is still lying unclaimed.

U. S. Jet Plane Reaches 710 Miles An Hour

DAYTON, OHIO, Feb. 12 (PTI-Reuter)—An American F-86 single-engined jet plane set up a new unofficial speed record of 710 miles an hour for the 90 miles from Dayton to Washington yesterday, the Air Command said today.

It completed the flight in 33 minutes three seconds.

Officials said they would not claim an official record because the flight started as a routine mission.

The F-86—a fighter with sweptback wings—is the same type of plane as Major Richard I Johnson, Air Force Test pilot, used last September to establish an official world speed record of 670.981 miles an hour.

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Then— When you cash

SAVE FOR YOURSELF AND FOR YOUR COUNTRY DURING THE SAVINGS WEEK;

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The Dy. Provincial National Savings Officer, Hutment No. 1, Back Bay Reclamation, Fort, Bombay.
S. BOM. 6/2-(49)

The United Commercial Bank Ltd.
Tele Address: Commbank • Telephone Calcutta 33071 Seven
2, Royal Exchange Place, Calcutta

Dear Patron,

I am profoundly appreciative of the lively co-operation and help that my Bank has received at your hands throughout the last year. I trust I can confidently continue to count on your valued support in the current year.

Sound, courteous and efficient though our organisation is, we are progressive enough to believe that there is always room for betterment and, one of the ways to quicken this improvement is to bring an organisation and its patrons closer to each other. As a further step towards the consummation of this relationship, I respectfully invite you to offer such suggestions as, you feel, might better integrate our efforts at serving you.

(B. T. THAKUR)
GENERAL MANAGER

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The Bombay Chronicle

Life, moral or physical, is not a completed fact, but is a continual process, depending for its movement upon two elementary forces, the force of resistance and that of expression. —TAGORE.

DEEDS AND WORDS

Two important pronouncements have been made over the week-end by Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, at Ahmedabad, and Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, at Delhi. Both the Prime Minister and the Deputy Prime Minister were candid in avowing feelings of disquiet and dissatisfaction at the shortcomings of their administration and the mood prevailing was one of intense introspection. Describing the ideal as the creation of a "classless society", Pandit Jawaharlal appealed to all to concentrate on a co-operative effort and not to fritter away their energies in fault-finding. In more realistic language, Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel observed that the well-being, peace and prosperity of India cannot be achieved in any other way than by the methods and approach of Gandhiji. Whilst Pandit Jawaharlal attributed the failure of the Government to give as much relief to the people to the magnitude of the problems that confronted them and admitted that mistakes had been made and would be made again, Sardar Vallabhbhai laid the present troubles —"the present pattern of India was not the dream of Gandhiji" —to "our" failure to translate his desires, to proceed according to his ideals". It was essential to both speakers that the mistakes could be corrected and, it is fair to infer, corrected by the present Government. Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel simplified matters by asserting that the leaders had realised their error in forsaking the Gandhian ideal and technique and could correct themselves; Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru gave the other aspect when he asked for co-operation, conceding the right to criticise the Government.

Considering that the occasion on which both speeches were made was connected with Gandhiji's death anniversary, it was perhaps apropriate that they should have contained much self-searching. But there is a little too much vagueness in the utterances of our national leaders to help the public in these critical days. From times immemorial it has been a national weakness for us to indulge in vain questionings when we have a job of work to do, and it is time now that we overcame it. It is not—we say it with all respect for the two leaders who have together done so much for building the New India on firm and solid foundations—in a future "classless society" or a "happy India" that the average man and woman today is interested as in a social and economic life which promises greater hope for the next generation than it holds for the present. There are many everyday aspects of life where one can see that immediate action can do much to leave our world a little better than one finds it. And it is to these minor but very real adjustments that our minds and hands should turn at the present moment. A "classless society" is a hitherto unrealised utopia and practical men may well wonder whether it will be a utopia and when and if it comes. As for happiness, a purely subjective condition, he who can point the unfailing path to it must be surely more than man, speaking to more than men. It would be well if we left these flights to more academic minds and came down to earth. As a matter of fact, the Government, as a whole has done better than ministerial speeches indicate.

The fact is that our leaders in authority still tend to talk more to political opponents and party leaders than to the people themselves. And some how the contact fails to be made. It is an obsession which has to be shaken off. To a great extent, this condition is due to a strange dualism that has seized the Congress since its assumption of power in the country, by which the party has, as it were, stood away from the men it has put in power and watched their actions with a critical eye. In a democratic system it should not be necessary for men in office to be virtually on the defensive—least of all with their own following. But no one can seriously question that Congress ministries everywhere have laboured under this handicap. No less a person than the Congress President declared in his considered presidential address that "the supreme task of the Congress is to tone up the measured and moderate, the realistic and restricted achievements of the Ministers", that "the Party has always the power to hold up the march, examine the pass and call back the caravan". It is not surprising that others should take an even lighter view of party responsibility towards party ministers. It is this condition that needs correction. It should not then be difficult for our Ministers to approach the people and their problems from the real, rather than the political, angle.

Precautionary

The report that the Government of India is contemplating drastic action to prevent strikes and stoppages of work in essential services, will not come as a surprise to those who have been following the trend of Pandit Jawaharlal's recent speeches. Commenting on the Prime Minister's appeals to workers, we had forecast early action by the Government of India a week ago. There was no reason for taking them to be so many confessions of weakness. Therefore, it was obvious that they were intended to induce reason as an alternative to resorting to compulsion. The Government cannot stand by and watch the life of the country brought to standstill. It might suit irresponsible elements in the country to watch a head-on collision between Government and its workers in the essential services but it will certainly not be in the interests of the men themselves. The Government of India is pursuing the path of peaceful negotiation. The discussions between the Minister for Communications, the Railway Board and the railwaymen's leaders will, it is hoped, render it unnecessary for the proposed legislation banning strikes.

Kashmir Maharaja

If the report that the Maharaja of Kashmir is intending to abdicate in favour of his son, is true, then it is about the most sensible thing that that ruler has done so far. Lord Mountbatten in one of his speeches in London remarked that had the Maharaja decided on accession on August 15, 1947 there would have been no trouble between the two Dominions over the matter. Apart from that, the withdrawal of the present Maharaja will strengthen the hands of the National Conference and of Sheikh Abdullah. Whilst the U.N. Commission is putting through its work and until the plebiscite is held, it is inevitable that the present system of administration should continue. The installation of a new ruler will at least ensure freedom from the old evils from which the politically conscious Kashmiris suffered. For the rest, it is for the people of Kashmir to decide what form of Government they will live under.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT

MOSCOW, Feb. 12

The Soviet Union staked a claim yesterday to rights in the Antarctic based on voyages by early 19th century Russian explorers.

The Soviet Union Geographical Society insisted in Leningrad that decisions on control taken by the eleven nations—including Britain—claiming sovereignty in the Antarctic would have "no legal force" without Russia's consent.

President L. S. Berg disclosed, according to the society's report issued yesterday, that valuable minerals and the possibility of uranium ore deposits gave "international significance" to the area

—PTI—Reuter

* * *

Answering Parliamentary questions re: Portuguese possessions Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru said. "We believe that for a variety of reasons it is natural and proper that all foreign possessions in India should be united with India".

Dr. Salazar and his philosophy being what they are, he will gladly accept the argument and claim that for a variety of reasons, it is natural and proper that the rest of India, consisting a foreign possession, should be united with Portuguese India.

* * *

We experienced a slight shock on reading that "the Indian Railwaymen's conference" at Calcutta had decided to serve an all-India strike notice on the Government.

But reading further on we discovered that it was not but was actually critical of, the All-India Railwaymen's Federation. We, therefore, and "Comrades, by any other name smell as sweat", and recovered from that shock.

* * *

Says Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose: "We in this country are heading towards a crisis both political and economic" And unless the people checked "the forces of evil", responsible for the crisis, the latter would undermine the country's freedom".

But-but-but we don't understand. When did the country gain 'freedom'?

* * *

Going for the Government and 'Government Party' Sarat Bose said that although communism and Fascism were criticised, "we have all these days kept our lips sealed as regards Imperialism and Colonialism.

What is not clear is whether both communism and Fascism should be spared while concentrating against Imperialism and Colonialism.

* * *

Finally, Sarat Babu said on behalf of the Socialist Republican Party that it, the Socialist Republican Party urged the people to take up the leadership of the masses and fight "the forces of evil," which he saw everywhere in the country.

Rather confusing, isn't it.

But then Sarat Babu confesses to seeing "forces of evil" everywhere.

* * *

Commenting on the Test Matches with the West Indies, Lala Amarnath, the India captain, is reported to have said: "It was a pity that India could not put up a good score in the first innings of any Test except Delhi".

It was, it is and let us hope it won't be in the future.

The City Corporation: Week By Week

By "Citizen"

Two night sessions of the City Corporation in addition to the usual couple of weekly meetings within this week are an indication of the desire on the part of the Mayor to finish off as much of the accumulated work before the House as possible, before he lays down the reins of his office some six weeks hence. Contrary to the experience of very thin attendance the House had when night meetings were held in the past, this time on both the occasions the attendance was very good. More than seventy members attending the meetings held rather late at night can be taken as a tribute to the introduction of party system in the Municipality.

B.E.S.T. Committee

Having agreed to supply the minutes of the B.E.S.T. Committee to the members of the House, the office, it appears did not satisfy a section of the House. A single copy of typed minutes of the most important committee in a House of 117 members naturally enough invited strong criticism and, in the first night session, speaker after speaker launched an attack on that method and demanded circulation of printed copies to all the members. Technically it may be correct to place a single copy "on the table", but, when there are quite a number of members ready to devote time and energy to those minutes, this is bound to create complications.

That such patient labour was being devoted to the study of these minutes was revealed when Mr. G. G. Mehta pointed out that there has been some bungling in the purchase of second-hand tram-cars from the U.S.A. Originally the Committee bought 40 tram-cars but later they were informed that "packing and freight charges were not properly calculated" and as a result of this discrepancy each tram would cost something like Rs. 20,000 extra, and, therefore, the number of such tram-cars to be bought had to be reduced from 40 to 25. The revelation reflects credit neither on the Committee nor on the suppliers at the other end of the world who have been known for their business efficiency at any rate.

Target Of Attack

From the speeches made on the occasion and what followed on the next day when the B.E.S.T. Committee Budget was passed, one can say that the Committee is going to be the target of more severe attacks in the days to come. The Budget of the Committee found only 41 supporters while 25 members got their votes recorded against it by demanding a poll. Already a requisition for a special meeting to censure the Committee has been forwarded to the Mayor and another heated debate on the affairs of that Committee is expected to take place in the near future.

What prompted the Opposition to table a straight vote of no-confidence in the Committee seems to be the fate of a series of amendments to the B.E.S.T. Budget moved by Mr. Naushir Bharucha. As a result of a point of order raised by the leader of the Congress Party, all these amendments were ruled out, although the mover maintained that last year he was allowed to move similar amendments and they were discussed by the House. The ruling virtually debarred the opponents of the Budget from moving any cuts in it and the only thing left for them was to criticise it at the time of the general discussion. The demand for printed copies of minutes of the Committee will also continue from month to month till it is conceded. After all, the first Municipalised transport system of the first city must function in the full blaze of publicity.

Requisitioning Demand

At a special meeting of the House, the Opposition moved a resolution asking the Government to continue full-fledged requisitioning of vacant premises in the city in the interests of the common man. Recent changes made by the Government in that respect, and the concessions granted to landlords in respect of new houses, it was pointed out, would lead to the re-appearance of the pugree evil in all its ugliness. It was good to find the Opposition Party pledging its full support to the Government in all that it would do to fight the moves of the vested interests and the class of landlords who were not playing the game.

The majority party did not want to oppose the resolution and suggested its reference to the Law, Revenue and General Purposes Committee. The debate is not concluded.

Mazagaon Bye-Election

Quite intriguing position has arisen in connection with the by-election to the Municipality from the Mazagaon Ward to which I referred last week. Last week-end the Socialists announced that they would not put up their own candidate for this seat as it was formerly held by the Scheduled Caste Federation group who, they said, were putting up a candidate of their own. The Socialists promised their support to the candidate of the sister party which was working with them in the House for the last ten months. From the point of view of the Opposition, there seems to be nothing wrong in this arrangement as their main idea is to retain the seat for the Opposition. This has, however, disturbed the Congress Party who met last Saturday to select a candidate. The President of the B.P.C.C. referred to the delicate situation created by the claim of the Socialists that the S.C.F. were a part and parcel of the Opposition and, while efforts to get things clarified were proceeding, the selection of a candidate was deferred. The last date for the nomination is the 15th of February and by then it will be known whether the Congress Party is going to contest the election or gives a walk over to the S.C.F.

Suburban Candidates

Should employees of the Schools Committee residing in the suburbs of the city be allowed to contest elections to the local bodies of those areas? was the question discussed this week by the Municipal Schools Committee and the answer was in the affirmative. It seems there are a few teachers who have been members of such local bodies in the suburbs of the city and in the past permission used to be granted whenever it was asked. In October last, however, the Schools Committee, at the instance of Mr. Mirza Akhtar, adopted a resolution that in future

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Portugal's Choice

As Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru said in the Indian Parliament, the difficulty about negotiating with Portugal has so far been the lack of formal diplomatic contact. Now that difficulty is being removed. And we hope no time will be lost in starting discussions over a matter which is of vital concern to free India. "We believe", the Prime Minister rightly declared, "that for a variety of reasons it is natural and proper that all foreign possessions in India should be united with India." The oneness of Indian territories in Portuguese possession with India is by every criterion so obvious and unquestionable that it should not need any discussion for its realisation. But Dr. Salazar professes to hold different views according to which Portuguese India is an integral part of Portugal having no more to do with India than, for instance, Portugal. This position, so wildly absurd, may have been all right for the eighteenth and nineteenth centuries when racial, ethnological and geographical principles, in fact, every human principle, counted for nothing as against European Imperialism. But that period in the history of the world is over. And Dr. Salazar will have to realise this fact as the British have realised and as France and even the Netherlands are realising. It is open to Dr. Salazar to do so by "friendly discussions" or eventually to regret his refusal.

Bhopal Abdication?

The rumour that the Nawab of Bhopal is contemplating abdication with a view to entering political life, raises interesting speculations. It will be in the Bhopal tradition that it should be ruled over by a woman and the entry of the Nawab's daughter as the ruler will not be anything unusual. As for the future of the State as a part of Madhya Bharat or as integrated to the Central Provinces, this is only a problem which is repeated in several other instances, and the Union States Ministry is quite competent to deal with it. But in what way the Nawab will enter political life is a question which must intrigue the public of his State and the people of India. In spite of the obvious analogy of Shaw's Prince in the "Apple-Cart" who confuses his Cabinet by abdicating and presenting himself as a political leader, there is the obvious difference that the Nawab will function outside his State and not within it. He has the two Dominions to choose between and everything points to a future for him in Pakistan which at the moment seems to suffer from a dearth of talent. But how welcome the ambitious Nawab will be among Pakistan politicians remains to be seen. On the other hand, if the intention is service, there is much more scope in India. But it is unlikely that the Nawab's future activities will be staged in this Dominion, where events have gone far beyond the stage where he could make a contribution, useful or otherwise.

Egypt's Vendettas

Egypt has had yet another political murder, this time of the "Muslim Brotherhood" chief the now well-known Sheikh Hassan El Banna. This murder recalls not only the recent assassination of Nakrashy Pasha but several other previous political crimes in addition to violent riots and demonstrations. The "Muslim Brotherhood" is an extreme Nationalist movement professing principles that savour of Fascism and practising the same methods of promoting their aims. The Brotherhood's denunciation of Egypt's policy in respect of Palestine is only part of the self-expression of an emotionally extremist organisation which by its very nature attracted an excitable following. By its very nature also it pursued the path of violence and political murder. And, again by its very nature, it produced a similar counter to itself. Young men belonging to the Brotherhood murdered leaders of other parties. Other young men have retaliated by murdering the leader of the Brotherhood. The anxious question is what situation will this chain of murders and violence produce in Egypt and where will it lead that country.

Carping Critic

Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose who has constituted himself the opposition and unrelenting critic of the Union Government, over-reached himself in his speech at a Bombay function. He charged the Indian Government with being anti-Fascist and anti-Communist but not as vigorous in its condemnation of Imperialism and Colonialism. Had Mr. Bose followed recent events and the proceedings of the Conference of Asian Nations on Indonesia he would not have lapsed into this exhibition of inaccuracy and bad taste. It appears that an obsession that his brother, Netaji Subhas Chandra Bose, is at present in Russia, is influencing Mr. Sarat Bose's opinions and his declaration that in Malaya what is called Communist is pure nationalism must be ascribed to this bias. It is regrettable that, when something really useful could be done for the nation by one of his status in Bengal politics, Mr. Sarat Bose should allow himself to be drawn into useless controversies and futile arguments.

Dutch Politics

A mild excitement was aroused all over the world by reports of a developing Cabinet crisis in the Netherlands. There was a grave "split" among the members of the Cabinet over the Indonesian question and resignation of the whole Cabinet was imminent. The end of it all is that the Dutch Minister for Overseas Territories, Mr. Sassen, has resigned and the Cabinet crisis is averted. But there need be no excitement over even this solitary resignation. True, Mr. Sassen wanted to defy the Security Council directly. But his resignation does not mean that those who overruled him are for the opposite policy of submitting to the Security Council. It is, in fact, officially announced that there were no "fundamental differences" between himself and his colleagues. It was a matter of difference over "actual policy" since the differences were not fundamental, "actual policy" obviously means not "policy" but the practical pursuit of the fundamentals of an agreed policy. The Security Council is not to be defied openly but by other methods.

Cancelled

It is well that the Bombay Government has cancelled the bye-election holiday which had been announced earlier. There is no purpose in shutting up shop on every occasion and the Bombay South Muslim bye-election was something which had ceased to be even an excuse.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Cheque Collections By Bombay Banks

Sir,—I wish to invite the attention of the Reserve Bank of India and the Government to the inconvenience caused to individuals and businesshouses in Bombay due to the delay in the clearing and collection of local cheques by the Banks. For some reason unknown to the public, only one clearing per day is done. Only such cheques which are received for collection before 11 a.m., are sent in for the clearing. The fate of cheques is not known to the accountholders on the same day. Even with cheques drawns on banks having their offices in the Fort area and deposited in the accounts before 11 a.m., difficulty is being experienced by the public.

It is necessary that at least two clearings per day be introduced in Bombay and the Government should make it compulsory for every bank to determine the fate of all local cheques under collection half an hour before closing-time every day. If the fate of cheques deposited by 12-30 every day is not known half an hour before the close of banking hours, the Banks collecting these should be allowed to presume that these cheques have been cashed.

Yours, etc.,
C. B. L. BHATNAGAR.

Cloth Control

Sir,—Cloth prices mostly depend on supply and demand. Looking to the ceiling prices fixed by Government at present it seems that they are not ceiling prices but floor prices as compared to those of imported cloth and also as compared with those ruling all the world over.

Rationing may be successful in western countries where the dress is common even with people of all ages. Compare this with our province-wide differences of dress in India and dhoties and sarees are full-dress which cannot be distributed in fractions of yards. Besides rationing, I suppose, is hardly applied to 25% of the Indian population while it is calculated on "per head" distribution.

Black market seems to be the sequence of control and it is created mostly by difficulties of transport.

Cloth distribution may be favourably compared with water distribution from Tansa Lake. Water is not supplied, as everybody knows, from the lake directly to daily consumers through 1/4" or 1/2" pipes. Water has to pass through so many big channels and storage tanks, into bigger pipes and then only to most houses where also water is stored in tanks over the top of buildings only to be used when required. So in the same process, cloth has to wait consumers' conveniences as to the proper time to buy. Till then it has to pass through from wholesalers and big stock-holders to the last retail sellers, all of these traders holding stocks in the meantime.—Yours, etc.

JAMNADAS D. MODAR.

Pharmacy Act

Sir—With the enforcement of the Pharmacy Act the Practising Pharmacists are coming across certain difficulties with regard to the interpretation of the rules etc. I wish to draw the attention of the readers interested in the pharmaceutical profession that they may contact the undersigned in regard to any of their problems, which will be placed before the Practising Pharmacists' Section for consideration.—Yours, etc.,

D. S. BHATE,
Hon. Secretary,
Indian Pharmaceutical Association,
Bombay Provincial Branch.

Retaliation Against Indians

Sir,—Every Indian nerve is strained to learn the latest riots in South Africa and Singapore in which a large number of Indians are killed and turned out of their houses. It is viewed with deep concern as the result of British foreign policy towards Indians in British dominated areas like Singapore, Africa and the Anglo-American occupied areas of the Middle East. Wherever, Indians serve white masters, they are met with dishonour and contempt. The policy of the white man is to instigate the natives, who far outnumber the Indian inhabitants, to attack the Indians. In the British dominated areas of Kuwait, Abadan, and other desert tracts of Arabia, the oil-lords treat Indians like slaves.

Will this not affect the relations between Great Britain and India in the near future?—Yours, etc.,

P. K. PADMANABHAN

Whither Postal Efficiency

Sir,—I had despatched an insured parcel for Rs. 200 only from Okha to Simla on July 13, 1948.

Seven months have elapsed and yet there is no news about the parcel reaching its destination.

I had registered my complaint for non-delivery a month later to the immediate authorities concerned through the local Post Office, yet it is shocking to find that till to-day the parcel remains untraced.

My repeated reminders only drew the casual reply that the "matter is under enquiry" and after this nothing is heard any more not till another reminder is repeated which likewise meets the same fate.

After waiting in vain for full four months for any satisfactory outcome, I referred the case to the Postmaster-General, Bombay, in November last for expediting this enquiry failing which my claim for compensation to be entertained.

It is extremely regretted that neither has the missing parcel been traced nor has my claim for compensation met. He has gone even one better in not even bothering to acknowledge my recent reminders.

It is really exasperating and most annoying to find this department which hitherto has been reputed for its efficiency and promptness, should treat such a long standing complaint with scant attention.—Yours, etc.,

(Capt.) S. K. GUPTA,
Assistant Harbour Master,
Okha.

Committees To Come

Elections to the various Municipal Committees will be taking place early next month. Half the members on each of the three statutory committees have to retire at the end of the year. Lots are being drawn now and the Committees are likely to undergo a good deal of change in their personnel. More attention to the placing of members on these committees by the different parties is needed. Whatever the parties, they owe it to the citizens that they put up on these committees only such persons who attend to their work and are not there merely because their party has thought it fit to nominate them as a candidate. Improvement of the work of these Committees will be and should be the first step in the toning up the whole administration and the citizens expect better attention to this question than was bestowed upon it last April.

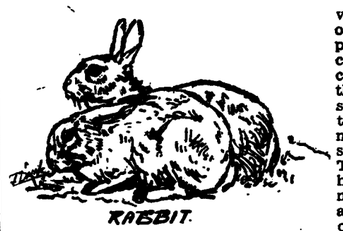
The Next Mayor

There is already a talk of the Mayoralty. Although not yet officially announced it is reported that the choice of the Congress Party will fall on its leader, Mr. S. K. Patil. If it is so, it will necessitate the finding of a new floor leader for the party in the House. In the view of the Congress majority in the House, the election of any candidate put up by them is a certainty. There is yet no news from the Opposition circles but it can be taken for granted that they will put up a candidate to register their strength in the House, in the second year of the first Corporation elected on Adult Franchise.

No More Night Sitting

There may be no more night sessions after this, since, at the end of the meeting on Friday night, the Mayor announced that as his idea of getting through the piled up work by holding extra meetings does not seem working he will call the members hereafter only on Mondays and Fridays.

OPEN AIR



RABBIT.

Hare or rabbit? It was impossible to see, so quickly did we pass, but there it sat, close to the edge of the road, with long ears erect, making no attempt to run away at our approach. It probably realised that although cars make a lot of noise, no danger is to be feared from them. Hares and rabbits are very alike in appearance. The wild ones are brown, a colour which proves a good camouflage as they crouch in the dry grass. Both have characteristically long ears and their hearing is very keen. The slightest noise is sufficient to alarm them, and they leap off at a tremendous rate, depending on their speed to out-distance their foes. The chief difference between the hare and the rabbit is seen in their mode of life, for the hare lives above the ground and the young ones are able to hop about and look after themselves as soon as they are born, while the rabbit lives in burrows in the ground and its young ones are blind, naked and helpless at birth. Both come out at dusk to feed in the fields, and are at the mercy of night-roving animals and birds of prey.

D. R.

Patiala Wins National Athletics Trophy

WOMEN'S CHAMPIONSHIP WON BY BOMBAY

Kaunds Recovers Brilliantly To Win 400 Metres Hurdles

NEW DELHI February 13:

Patiala won the All India Tata Challenge Trophy with 53 points while the Women's Trophy was annexed by Bombay with 61 points in the Fourteenth All India Athletic Championship which concluded here today.

Ronak Singh (Patiala) established an All India Record in the Ten Thousand Metres Walk (Track) event being in 52 minutes and 29 seconds beating his own previous All India Record of 54 minutes and 23.8 secs.

In the Four Hundred Metres Hurdles for Men (Finals) Isheer Singh of Patiala getting off to a good start led the others for 30 seconds but Kaunds of Bombay who was closely following him made a valiant attempt and overtook Isheer Singh and managed to break the tape first.

Another fine performance was that of Ghosh in the three thousand metres. He took the lead from Nazir Singh of Patiala at the closing stage and in a thrilling finish came first with Nazir Singh as a close second.

Roshan Mistry of Bombay beat B Gazder of Bombay in thrilling finish

Miss B. Thadani of Bombay who won the Women's Discus Throw.

in the One Hundred Metres Women's Finals.

The 4 100 Metres Relay Race (Finals) for Women was won by Bombay, while the 4 400 Metres Relay Race for Men (Finals) was won by the Central Provinces.

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Deputy Prime Minister of India distributed the prizes to the winners of the Championships.

In a brief speech, he said, sports were a vital part of the vitality of a nation, because they broke the barriers between Provinces and build up a healthy nation stimulating a spirit of comradeship, friendship and unity. The Government of India would do its best to encourage this neglected sphere of activity, he added

As a matter of fact, Sardar Patel said the honour of distributing the prizes should have gone to the Maharaja of Patiala not only because he had been taking a keen interest in sports bu also because the team of his Province had fared well in the Championships.

The following are today's results:-

MARATHON RACE (FINALS)

Chotta Singh (Patiala), First. G. Lall (East Punjab), Third. Time: 2 hours 44 minutes 21.9 secs.

10,000 METRES WALK (TRACK—FINALS)

Ronak Singh (Patiala , First. Desai (Bombay), Second. L. R. Khanna (East Punjab) Third. Time: 52 mts. 29 secs.

(NEW INDIAN RECORD)

HIGH JUMP WOMEN (FINALS)

B. Gazder (Bombay), First. B. Richtoor (Delhi), Second. Homai Rani (Delhi), Third. Height: 4 ft. 33-3/8 inches.

200 METRES RUN MEN (FINLAS)

Ranjit Singh (Patiala First. Nikka Singh (Patiala), Second. Wilmer (General Provinces), Third. Time: 2 minutes 0.8 secs.

THROWING THE DISCUS MEN (FINALS)

Som Nath (Patiala), First. Tejwant Ingm (East Punjab), Second. Pritam Singh (Patiala), Third. Distance: 127 ft. 3-3 4 inches.

100 METRES WOMEN (FINALS)

Roshan Mistri (Bombay), First. B. Gazder (Bombay), Second. Nalima Gosh (Bengal), Third. Time: 12.6 secs.

400 METRES HURLEDS MEN (FINALS)

Kaunds (Bombay), First. Isher Singh (Patiala), Second. Darshan Singh (East Punjab) Third. Time: 57.4 secs.

HOP, STEP AND JUMP MEN (FINALS)

A Datta (Bengal), First. P. M. Kakar (Bombay), Second. Karan Singh (Rajputana) Third. Distance. 45 ft. 10-1 2 inches.

POLE VAULT MEN (FINALS)

Ranvir (United Provinces) First. Ranbir Singh (East Punjab) Second. Bass (Delhi), Third. Height: 11 ft. 6-7 8 inches.

3,000 METRES STEEPLE CHASE (MEN) FINALS

Ghosh (Delhi) First. Nazir Singh (Patiala), Second. L. Pereira (Bombay), Third. Time 10 mts. 30 secs.

THROWING THE JAVELIN MEN (FINALS)

Malvia (United Provinces), First. Chaman Lall (Patiala), Second. Lt. Hasura Singh (Patiala), Third. Distance: 164 ft. 5 inches.

200 METRES MEN (FINAL)

Pinto (Bombay), First. L. Woodcock (Bombay) Second. Alfred (Delhi), Third. Time: 22.3 secs.

4 X 100 METRES RELAY RACE (FINALS) WOMEN

Bombay, (First. Delhi, Second. Time: 53 secs.

4 X 400 METRES RELAY RACE MEN (FINALS)

Central Provinces, First. Bombay, Second. Bengal, Third. Time: 3 minutes. 30-2.5 seconds.

Positions Of Provinces

The following are the points secured by the Provinces which participated in the 14th. All India Championships:—

MEN'S SECTION

Patiala, 53 points. Bombay, 56 points. Delhi, 16 points. Kolhapur, 3 points. Central Provinces, 14 points. East Punjab, 16 points. Orissa, 2 points. Bengal, 15 points. Bihar, 5 points. United Province, 11 points. Rajputana, 2 points.

WOMEN SECTION

Bombay, 61 points. Delhi, 23 points. Bengal 4 points.

In the Day's Sport

TENNIS

Bombay Gymkhana Courts

4-30 p.m. P.V.M. Open Tennis Tournament for Women.

HOCKEY

Association Ground

3 p.m. S. I. Rly. vs. O. T. Rly. (Replay.)

4-10 p.m. Bhimraj S. C. vs. St. Xavier's Association (Provincial.)

5-30 p.m. M. S. M. Rly. vs. G. I. P. Rly.

St. Xavier's Ground, Parel

4-10 p.m. St. Xavier's "B" vs. Mazagaon Dock "A".

5-15 p.m. St. Xavier's "A" vs. Bhimraj S. C.

R

For selling bread without a bread ticket. A. Khalil was convicted and sentenced to one day's simple imprisonment and fined Rs 600.

For importing cotton cloth without a permit Taiyarbhai Shamsuddin was convicted and sentenced to two months' rigorous imprisonment and fined Rs. 200. For similar offence Siddiqalli Hassanalli was convicted and sentenced to one day's simple imprisonment and fined Rs. 500.

For attempting to transport cotton cloth without a permit Motilal Pushalal was convicted and sentenced to one day's simple imprisonment and fined Rs. 3,000 or in default to undergo six months' rigorous imprisonment. For similar offence Chunilal Anandji and Brijlal Ramjidas were convicted and each sentenced to one day's simple imprisonment and fined Rs. 2,000 and Rs. 1,000 respectively.

Weight-Lifting Contest In Calcutta

CALCUTTA, Feb. 13.

The 25th Annual Asiatic Weight Lifting Competition (organised by the Baghbazar Gymnasium) registered with the Indian Weight Lifting Federation will be held in Calcutta in the Six International Body Weight Classes starting from Bantam.

Bantam weight up to 56 kg.
Feather Weight up to 60 kg.
Light Weight up to 67½ kg.
Middle Weight up to 75 kg.
Light Heavy Weight up to 82½ kg.
Heavy Weight over 82½ kg.

Intending competitors please communicate with Sri Durgadas Mitra Secretary Competition Standing Committee of the Baghbazar Gymnasium, 77, Raja Bulluv Street, Calcutta for enlistment and further information.

Former Light Heavyweight Champ, Levinsky, Dead

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 12 (UPA).—Former light heavyweight champion "Battling" Levinsky, 59, died today after illness of several months.

He won the title in 1916 and lost it a year later when he was knocked out by George Carpenter.

His wife and a daughter survive him.

LADY OWNERS WIN GOLD CUP

The chief event at the Bombay Races last Saturday—the General Obeidullah Khan Gold Cup was won by Brave Prince. The picture above shows from left to right: N. E. Raymond (trainer), Shaikh (Jockey), Mrs. Daljitsingh, Mrs. L. Hoon (the joint owners of the winner) and Begum Yemin-ul-Mulk of Bhopal, who presented the handsome trophy.

S. I. AND O. T. RAILWAYS FAIL TO COME TO A DECISION

E. I. R.'s Overwhelming Victory In Inter-Railway Hockey Tournament

S. I. Rly	0,	O. T. Rly	0.
B.B. & C.I. Rly.	2,	Nizam State Rly.	1.
E. I. Rly.	13,	Jodhpur Rly.	0.

BOMBAY Sunday:

In the Inter-Railway Hockey Tournament this evening on the Association ground, S.I. Rly and O.T. Rly drew once again while in the second game of the evening, B.B. & C.I. Rly just managed to beat Nizam State Rly by the odd goal in three. In the last game, the East India Rly trounced the Jodhpur Rly by thirteen goals to nil.

The South Indian Rly. and Oudh and Tirhut Rly. again figured in another goalless draw extra time being played to no purpose.

There was nothing much to choose between both the teams which were too evenly balanced to get the better of one another. The rival defences held sway over the opposing attackers who very seldom were given any opportunity to settle down to have a shot at goal. The rival teams will do battle once again tomorrow at 3 p.m.

In an evenly contested encounter with both sides giving of their best the BB & CI Rly. just managed to scrape through their match against the Nizam State Rly by the odd goal in three.

The Nizam Rly team more than held their own against the local side and gave the homesides numerous supporters an anxious time but Jadhav the BB & CI right back was in top form and proved an insurmountable barrier and often came to the rescue of his side with timely interceptions and brilliant clearances in moments when all seemed lost. In this task he was ably supported by his colleague in the deep defence Ismail Khan and half backs Agre and Joginder. In the attack only Anshon Pereira and Gregory Fernandes were seen to advantage to whose opportunism the local side are responsible for both their goals. The remaining forwards were mere figureheads being unable to do anything right.

For the opposing side all played their part well and it would be invidious to single out any player for special mention.

In the first period of play the exchanges were fast and furious but the rival sets of defenders proved equal to the task before them and the teams retired for the interval neither side had been able to open their account soon after the resumption the Bombaymen took the lead when Ashton Pereira eluded the entire Nizam defence to place the ball past a helpless custodian. Midway through this period the Nizam team secured the equaliser when they were awarded a penalty bully against goalkeeper Braganza, for playing the ball without his stick in his hand and Jermias who took it made no mistake. But the BB & CI Rly immediately went into the lead when Ashton Pereira shot into the goal but custodian Gabral saved and the ball rebounded to Gregory Fernandes who crashed it to score the all important goal The Nizam team now tried to save the game but the rival defenders refused to be beaten and retired winners by the odd goal in three.

In the last game of the evening the East India Rly. trounced the Jodhpur Rly to the tune of 13 goals to nil.

The East India Rly had matters all their own way and toyed about with the opposition and scored whenever they liked. They had fine co-ordination and understanding in their ranks and easily baffled the opposing defence to make matters worse their goalkeeper Vapurchand was not sound and was guilty on numerous occasions of giving gift goals to his opponents who were not slow in capitalizing on this defect.

Madras Area Beats Bombay Area In Services Hockey Trials

POONA, Feb. 13, (A.P.I.): In the last of a series of matches played in Poona to choose the Southern Command Hockey Team for the Inter-Services Competition to be held in Delhi, and from which eventually a Combined Services team will be selected to represent Services in the Inter-Provincial Hockey Tournament, Madras Area represented by the Sappers and Miners (R.I.E.) beat Bombay Area represented by the I.A.M.C. by one goal to nil today.

Mr. Thapar, wife of Maj.-Gen. D. R. Thapar presented trophies to the finalists.

The final team will be chosen after two Commands who did not take part in the Tournament Series.

Gaekwad's Century In Ranji Trophy

HOLKAR ALL OUT FOR 328 AGAINST BIHAR

JAMSHEDPUR, Feb. 13, (A.P.I.): In the second day of the third round match in the Ranji Trophy Tournament Sarwate and Kunzru continued Holkar's first innings to the attack of Bimal Bose and Sutey Banerji. Bimal Bose clean bowled Sarwate in his third over (56-3-13). Kunzru who was playing a stolid innings was next out, caught by Carapiet at short square leg off Bimal Bose, (59-4-15). Colonel Nayudu was now associated with C. S. Nayudu. At this stage the game was held up for three minutes when at short square leg Carapiet was severely hurt off a full-blooded hit by C. S. Nayudu. Bose continued a deadly spell when he bowled C. S. in his sixth over (70-5-7).

The first hundred of the innings appeared in a hundred and twenty-one minutes.

Holkar were all out for 328 runs, and the Bihar team had made 12 for no loss at the end of the day's play.

HOLKAR'S (FIRST INNINGS):

Dr. Kunzru c Carapiet b Bose	15
Dr. Nivsarkar b Sutey Banerji	9
Mustaqalii c Banerji b Bose	18
Sarwate b Bose	13
C. S. Nayudu b Bose	7
Col. C. K. Nayudu c B. Roy b Sutey Banerjee	33
M. M. Jagdale l-b-w b Das	15
Gaekwad b Bose	109
Salim Khan c Carapiet b Sutey Banerjee	20
Professor G. Bhatnagar b Bose ..	63
S. S. Sule not out	1
Extras	25
Total	328

BOWLING ANALYSIS

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Sutey Banerji	33	6	114	3
Bimal Bose	35.2	6	109	6
Sudhiir Das	14	3	38	1
Sivaji Bose	7	0	29	0
Sterling	4	0	13	0

With barely 23 minutes left for play, Bihar opened their second innings with Bijoy Sen and B. Roy and when stumps were drawn for the day Bihar had scored 12 without any loss.

BIHAR (SECOND INNINGS):

B. Roy batting	5
Bijoy Sen batting	6
Extras	1
Total (for no loss)	12

U. P. Lose Seven Wickets Cheaply In Ranji Trophy

KANPUR, Feb. 13.

At the close of the second day's play, United Provinces had scored 84 runs of the loss of seven wickets against Maharashtra in the Ranji Trophy.

WILLIE PEP TO DEFEND HIS TITLE

NEW YORK, Feb. 12 (UPA): Willie Pep, who made ring history last night by recapturing the world featherweight championship from Sandy Saddler in a bloody battle at Madison Square Garden, probably will defend his crown in a "rubber match" with Saddler at Yankee Stadium in June, it was learned today.

JOCKEYS IN FRANCE GO ON STRIKE

PARIS, Feb. 13 (PTI-Reuter).—French Flat and Steeplechasing Jockeys went on strike today, two days before the French Steeplechasing season opens at Enghien, near here.

They are demanding "more pay for losing mounts."

Tomorrow, M. Robert Bates, President of the Jockeys' Association and the Marquis de Triquerville, President of the Owners' Association will be received by the French Minister of Finance, M. Maurice Petsche.

If Jockeys are still on strike by Tuesday, a Trotting Programme will be arranged at Enghien.

Trotting drivers are not affected by the strike.

PHADKAR'S FAST CENTURY AGAINST MADRAS

Bombay All Out For 433: Kannayiram Captures Three Wickets In One Over

MADRAS 139 FOR 5 AT CLOSE OF SECOND DAY'S PLAY IN RANJI TROPHY

MADRAS, Feb. 13 (A.P.I.): As the result of their siezable first innings total of 433, Bombay are well on top at the end of the second day's play in the Ranji Trophy match against Madras which was continued here tday. Though the Bombay tail collapsed, this was offset by the cheap dismissal of five Madras first innings wicket for 139 runs before stumps were drawn for the day. Madras require 294 runs to equal Bombay's first innings total with five wickets in hand.

Bombay owe their present secure position to the magnificent unbeaten century by Phadkar (134 not out) and the second century partnership of the innings between Phadkar and Umrigar for the fifth wicket which realised 142 runs in as many minutes. Phadkar's hurricane innings which occupied him 181 minutes and contained fifteen fours and one six was marked by forceful hitting all round the wicket.

Kannayiram who bowled unchanged since the commencement of the game this morning captured all the remaining six wickets of Bombay in one spell.

Though Madras began well by putting on ninety runs for two wickets by tea time, they ended the day badly by losing three more wickets with the total 139.

The Ranji Trophy match between Bombay and Madras entered its second day this morning, in the presence of a crowd of thousand spectators. Phadkar and Umrigar, the overnight not-outs, resumed play to the bowling of Alva and Rangachari and carried the total to 300 when the innings had lasted for 314 minutes. Phadkar was now 39 and Umrigar 26. Phadkar soon reached his fifty, and Gopalan's frequent changes had no effect on the batsmen who were playing aggressively scoring more than a run per minute. The board showed 350 before the game lasted for an hour today and Bombay was going strong with accelerated scoring.

UMRIGAR OUT LBW

Kannayiram who came in at 370, bagged an early wicket, when Umrigar stopped a straight ball from him and was declared out for lbw. Umrigar had batted for 104 minutes getting 49 runs, including three fours (377-5-49).

PHADKAR REACHES HIS 100

Palwankar now joined Phadkar, who reached his century in 130 minutes. Phadkar got four runs for an overthrow and celebrated this by lifting Kannan for a six on the leg-on. The total then had reached 400 and the innings had lasted 385 minutes.

SENSATIONAL BOWLING BY KANNAYIRAM

The game soon took a sensational turn, when Kannayiram bagged three wickets in a single over. At 411, Kannayiram dismissed Palwankar with his third ball for 11, when Kannan accepted a dolly catch on the legside. With his fifth ball, he bowled Ramchand and hooked Raiji lbw with the last ball of the over.

The next over yielded Kannayiram one more wicket, when he bowled Amladi for four with the last ball. Kannayiram's analysis was now seven overs, no maidens, twenty runs and five wickets.

When lunch was taken Bombay had made 433 for nine wickets in their first innings.

BOMBAY'S INNINGS TERMINATES AT 433

Bombay's first innings ended immediately after on resumption after lunch when Gupte snicked Kannayiram's second delivery into Rangachari's hands in the slips. Bombay's innings lasted 423 minutes.

Phadkar remained unbeaten with 134 which included 15 fours and one six. He batted altogether for 181 minutes.

Suri and M. O. Srinivasan opened the Madras innings to the bowling of Phadkar and Umrigar. At 15 Irani bowled one over to enable Umrigar to cross over to the other end where he displaced Phadkar while Ramchand came on at the opposite end. But the batsmen were not troubled and thirty was reached in 40 minutes. At 34 Amladi was tried for Ramchand and Srinivasan hooked him for 2. The first Madras wicket feel at 38 when Suri snicked Umrigar into the wicket-keeper's hands (38-1-15).

Phadkar who returned in place of Amladi after one over accounted for the second Madras wicket, when he had M. O. Srinivasan leg before for 25 (40-2-25). Kannan and Bobjee now came together. At 44 Gupte was brought on for Phadkar. Bobjee took a three off his first over and then hit for a six to long-on in his next over to register 54 in 78 minutes. At tea time, Madras had scored 90 for two in their first innings.

Two runs later Madras suffered a reverse by losing two wickets quickly. Kannan was caught in the slips off Phadkar for 25 (102-3-25) and Bobjee followed him to the pavilion when Raiji accepted a hot return (106-4-34).

Madras lost one more, when Kannayiram after some hectic hitting, was caught behind the wicket off Phadkar (122-5-19). This brought Alva and Gopalan in partnership.

At close of play, Madras had made 139 for the loss of five wickets in their first innings.

INDIA-PAKISTAN GOOD-WILL MATCH

To Be Played At Madras From March 18

POONA, Feb. 13 (API).—It is reliably understood that the Pakistan versus Inwia Goodwill Cricket Match which was originally scheduled to be played in Bombay from February 11 to 14 at the Brabourne Stadium will now be played at Madras from March 18 onwards. Negotiations in this connection are being carried on between the Madras Cricket Association and the Board of Control for Cricket in India.

SCORE BOARD

BOMBAY (First Innings)

K. C. Ibrahim lbw Rangachari....	1
B. R. Irani c Alva b Rangachari..	81
M. K. Mantri b Gopalan.....	116
U. M. Merchant lbw Gopalan....	17
D. G. Phadkar (not out)	134
P. R. Umrigar lbw Kannayiram ..	49
Y. B. Palwankar c Kannan b Kannayiram	11
G. Ramchand b Kannayiram	0
M. N. Raiji lbw Kannayiram	0
V. M. Amladi b Kannayiram	4
S. P. Gupte c Rangachari b Kannayiram	0
Extras (byes 4, leg-byes 14, no balls 2)	20
Total	433

FALL OF WICKETS: 1/13, 2/209, 3/227, 4/235, 5/377, 6/411, 7/411, 8/411, 9/417, 10/433.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

	O	M	R	W
Gopalan	35	10	68	2
Rangachari	29	6	84	2
Kannan	18	4	58	0
Jeffares	3	0	14	0
Alva	15	5	43	0
Venkatesan	24	2	89	0
Kannayiram	15.2	1	43	6
Perumal	2	0	14	0

MADRAS (First Innings)

N. Suri c Mantri b Umrigar	15
M. O. Srinivasan lbw Phadkar ..	25
K. S. Kannan c Amladi b Phadkar	25
M. V. Bobjee c and b Raiji	34
N. Kannayiram c Mantri b Phadkar	19
B. C. Alva (batting)	10
M. J. Gopalan (batting)	6
Extras (byes 4, leg-byes 1) ..	5
Total (for five wickets)	139

FALL OF WICKETS: 1/38, 2/40, 3/102, 4/106, 5/125.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

	O	M	R	W
Phadkar	18	5	36	3
Umrigar	13	5	22	1
Irani	2	0	5	0
Ramchand	3	2	5	0
Amladi	1	0	4	0
Gupte	6	0	36	0
Raiji	10	3	26	1

Gandhi Fund Match Plans Complete

BOARD TO DONATE 50,000:

POONA, Feb. 13 (API).—Mr. M. G. Bhave, Secretary of the Board of Control for Criket in India said today that all arrangements for the Gandhi Memorial Fund Match between the Governor of Bombay's Eleven and the West Indies are complete and the Bombay Provincial Cricket Association has handed over the organisation of the match to the Indian Board. The match will be played at the Brabourne Stadium on March Second and Third.

The semi-finals of the National Cricket Tournament for the Ranji Trophy between the winners of Bombay-Madras and United Provinces-Maharashtra and the winners of Bihar-Holkar and Baroda which were originally scheduled to be played from 25th February onwards will now be played from 7th March onwards. The dates have been changed in view of the fact that as the Semi-finals will be played to a finish, they might clash with the dates of the Gandhi Memorial Match at Bombay. If in case, Bombay has to meet Maharashtra in the top half of the draw for the semi-final the match will be played at Poona from March 5 onwards. This arrangement has been mutually agreed between the Bombay Cricket Association and the Maharashtra Cricket Association.

The Secretary of the Indian Cricket Board has approached all Provincial Cricket Associations to contribute substantially towards the Gandhi Memorial match. It is also understood that the Government of Bombay has agreed to hold morning offices on March 2nd and 3rd to enable Government servants to witness the match. The Board of Control wishes to contribute a minimum of Rs. 50,000 (fifty thousand) to the Gandhi Memorial Fund.

In view of the dates of the Semi-finals of the Ranji Trophy are being now changed, the dates for the Final are also liable to be changed.

CENTRAL INDIA TENNIS

Dilip Bose And Balwant Singh To Meet In Final

ALLAHABAD, Feb. 12 (API): Dilip Bose and Balwant Singh qualified to meet in finals of the Men's Open Singles of the Central India Lawn Tennis Championships by defeating Rama Rao and M. V. Deo respectively.

Jagat Swaroop won the finals of the Junior's Singles by defeating K. M. Raina this evening.

The following are the results:

MEN'S OPEN SINGLES: (Semi-Finals): Dilip Bose beat Rama Rao 6-1 6-1; Balwant Singh beat M. V. Deo 9-7 5-7 7-5.

MEN'S DOUBLES (Semi Finals): Rama Rao and Balwant Singh vs. Deo and G. C. Mathur 6-2 6-6 (unfinished).

JUNIOR'S SINGLES (Finals): Jagat Swaroop beat K. M. Raina 6-4 6-1.

P.V.M. Gym. Women's Tennis Tournament

FIXTURES FOR TODAY

BOMBAY, Sunday.—The Open Tennis Tournament conducted by the P.V.M. Gymkhana commences tomorrow at the Bombay Gymkhana Courts situated in the Gymkhana premises.

The following is the programme for the first day:

COURT NO. 7: At 4-30 p.m. Mrs. Pollard vs. Mrs. Patwardhan, followed by Mrs. Mayne vs. Miss J. Holden, followed by Miss Khan vs. Miss S. Bhandari.

COURT NO. 8: Miss P. Billimoria vs. Mrs. R. J. Guzdar, followed by Miss A. Pauri vs Mrs. Bannett.

TWO MORE RECORDS IN MYSORE ATHLETICS

BANGALORE, Feb. 12 (API): The three-day meet of the XXII Mysore Olympic Games concluded here this evening with two more new Mysore Records being established bringing the total new records to nine.

The Bucks Athletics Club (Bangalore Y.M.C.A.) retained their championships with 65 points while the Maharaja's Own Infantry secured the second place with 28 points and Engineering College 26 points.

Marajaree Sures, the State Champion, who dominated in almost all the Women's events was awarded a special cup for securing the highest individual points (34 points). She shattered Mysore's previous best in running long jump today and established a new Mysore Record jumping 15 feet 8 and 3/4th inches. The other new record of the day was in 1,000 metres Cycling Time Trial by C. Muniappa who clocked one minute 28 seconds.

Eriah of Maharaja's Own Infantry retained his laurels in 3,000, 5,000, 10,000 metres runs by winning for the fifth year in succession all the three events in this same stadium. It may be mentioned in this connection he won the five thousand and ten thousand metres run in the last All India Olympic Meet at Lucknow.

Lingiah of the Maharaja's Own Infantry who established a new Mysore Record in the heats in the 200 metre sprint event with 22.6 seconds, failed to retain the same in the finals, leaving the young school-boy D'Mello to win the event.

D'Mello also won the 100 metres run making the event a start to finish affair.

R

It is noticed that most people wait till the end of the month to draw their kerosene oil. Thus large queues are formed and both the customers and the shopkeepers are inconvenienced. In their interest the public are, therefore, informed that they should not wait till the end of the month but should buy their kerosene as early as possible to avoid inconvenience to themselves.

R

For selling bread without an authorisation at higher than the controlled prices, Abbas Mohommed was convicted and sentenced to four months' rigorous imprisonment on the first count and one month's rigorous imprisonment on the second count. The sentences are to run concurrently.

For attempting to transport cotton cloth without a permit Mohanlal Kisturchand was convicted and sentenced to one day's simple imprisonment and fined Rs. 500. For similar offence, Hazarimal Bhagwandas was convicted and sentenced to one day's simple imprisonment and fined Rs. 200/-.

For transporting bale of cotton piece goods without a permit, Kanayalal M. Kanekia was convicted and sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 200.

Vishnu Mahadeo Sawant was convicted for possessing rice in excess of the possession limit and sentenced to one day's simple imprisonment and to pay a fine of Rs. 100/- or in default to undergo one month's simple imprisonment.

Reconditioning And Reconversion Of Passenger Ships

WALCHAND'S ADDRESS AT 29TH GENERAL MEETING OF SCINDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY LIMITED

(Continued from Saturday, 12th Feb.)

SPEECH delivered by Mr. Walchand Hirachand, Chairman of The Scindia Steam Navigation Co., Ltd., at the Twentyninth Ordinary General Meeting of the Company, held on Friday, the 11th February 1949, at Sundrabai Hall, Bombay, at 4 p.m. (S.T.).

Before I say a few words in connection with our India-America and India/U.K. services, I consider it my duty to point out to you how the criticism that I have heard in regard to our Salary and Wages bill and in connection with the repairs, surveys and reconditioning of our steamers does not fully recognise the existing difficulties and the circumstances which are beyond our control. I find it stated that our wage bill is "extravagant". Promotions given to responsible officers have been characterised as "fabulous." Some kind friends have characterised it as "Lee loot". Permit me, therefore, to put before you a few facts and leave it to you, gentlemen, to draw your own conclusions.

The total Salary and Wage bill for the year under review comes to Rs. 1,00,44,258. The amount of wages paid to the floating staff came to Rs. 46,58,000. The terms and conditions of the service of the Officers afloat have to be settled with the Maritime Union of India. The terms and conditions of the seamen have been similarly laid down. It is hardly realised that the Directors of the Company have no discretion regarding the amount of the total remuneration that a shipping company has to pay to its navigating officers, engineers and seamen. The minimum wages to be paid to seamen have been laid down by an International Convention. As soon as that Convention is ratified a new scale of wages may be demanded. Shipping Companies will have to abide by such standards of wages as may be laid down as a result of such Conventions. The point that I wish you to realise is that not a rupee could have been reduced by your Directors from the sum of Rs. 45 lakhs and odd referred to above as the wages paid to officers and seamen.

WAGES AT SHIPYARD

A sum of Rs. 22,99,000 was paid in wages to the workmen at the Company's Shipyard at Vizagapatam. As you know very well, the amount of wages and other emoluments to be paid to the workers in the yard is determined by negotiations between the Company and the Workers' Union and with adjudicator's help whenever necessary. In view of some of the just demands of labour and having regard to the labour policy obtaining in the country, it will be appreciated that the Company in negotiations with the Union ultimately arrived at such an arrangement as was mutually acceptable. Thus, there was no discretion left to your Directors in the payments of nearly Rs. 68,57,000 out of a wage bill of over a crore of rupees during the year under review.

Let me now deal with the remaining amount of nearly Rs. 32 lakhs. This represents the salaries and wages at the different ports of the shore staff dealing with shipping and the administrative staff dealing with the shipyard. Out of the above amount of nearly Rs. 32 lakhs, the sum of over Rs. 16 lakhs represents the wage bill of those who drew salaries not exceeding Rs. 300/- per month. As I have told you in one of my previous speeches, Unions of the staff have come into existence everywhere and as a result of protracted negotiations, we agreed to the terms which were reasonable under prevailing conditions. I want to emphasise the fact that management all over the world has to make suitable adjustments in terms and conditions of employment when living index figures are continually rising. An industry which wants to continue its existence now and in the future will have to recognise the implications of the new labour policy of the Government and will have to accept such reasonable demands of labour and the staff as would enable them to continue the work of the industry in which they are engaged with contentment and efficiency. The balance of the amount left is about Rs. 15 lakhs. This is the field in which your Directors can exercise their discretion.

As has been often remarked both by the Cabinet Ministers and the leaders of industry in the country, India does not possess today the trained personnel that it needs for its industries and for its other economic activities. It is not easy to secure trained officers and assistants who can deal efficiently and with a sense of responsibility with the complicated work of a shipping organisation. Having regard to the change in the value of the rupee, it will be recognised that the payment of a salary not exceeding Rs. 1,000/- per month would not be an extravagant remuneration to such trained personnel. If I were, therefore, to exclude the officers and assistants who do not draw more than Rs. 1,000/- per month, the total amount of the salary bill on which your Directors could exercise their discretion would hardly exceed the sum of Rs. 8 lakhs a year out of a total bill of a little over one crore of rupees. It is, however, necessary to remember that the sum of Rs. 8 lakhs just mentioned by me includes the salary of the technical officers which, as you know very well, owing to the shortage of such personnel in the country, it is very difficult to obtain. I regret, therefore, that the words "Lee loot" should be used by responsible critics in connection with the salary and wage bill which you cannot avoid paying under the existing circumstances to your shore staff, to your floating staff and to your workers in the shipyard.

"FABULOUS PROMOTIONS" EXAMINED

May I now examine how far the use of the words "fabulous promotions" which it is said have been given to those to whom the Company gave agreements are justified? One has to remember the vital fact that new shipping companies had come into existence in 1946 and thereafter. Trained personnel able to run a shipping organisation was and is in great and urgent demand. Even the Government, it will be recalled, offered to engage the services of such trained personnel from commercial houses. Some of our officers have left us to better their prospects as they were offered higher salaries elsewhere. Moreover, the cost of living was witnessing a further rise. It was, therefore, considered advisable in Company's own interest to retain the service of its own trained personnel. It was, under such circumstances, that the Company entered into Agreements from time to time with them for a period of five years on such terms as would make it worth their while to continue with the Company and carry on their work as efficiently as before. The initial promotion given to 88 Officers under such Agreements increased the total amount of their basic salary by Rs. 19,000/- per month. The annual increments due to these Officers under these Agreements will add a further sum of Rs. 3,000 per month to this basic salary in subsequent years. Many of them are the trusted and trained officers with an experience of almost a generation of shipping organisation. I am, therefore, convinced that it is in the interest of the Company to retain their services and pay them a salary which is certainly on a lower scale than the salaries paid to similarly placed officers in other industries in the country. You cannot carry on the growing operations of a shipping organisation like the Scindia without the services of a trained, contented and comparatively well paid staff. As regards the staff drawing a salary up to Rs. 200/- per month, the amount of dearness allowance to be paid to them is linked with the rise and fall in the living index number and the salary and wage bill, therefore, will rise or fall in accordance with the rise and fall of the living index number in the country. I shall leave the matter at that in the hope that the question will be looked at from a broad perspective and in the light of the circumstances which exist today in the country

REPAIRS AND RECONDITIONING

I am also sorry to say that the manner in which the amount that had to be spent by the Company in regard to the repairs, surveys and reconditioning of the Company's fleet has been criticised, does not show proper appreciation of the fact that such expenditure is essential to keep the ships of the Company efficient and in full working order. Year after year I have invited, in my speeches, the attention of the shareholders to the growing expenditure under this head. I had also told you, gentlemen, that ships could not be maintained up to their proper standards during the war. That was not due to any neglect on the part of the Company. Ships were allowed to be run by the Government with repairs for short terms only to meet the then existing situation. Full normal repairs were not allowed. The result was that the repairs which should have been carried out earlier at comparatively cheaper cost could not be carried out and had to be deferred to post-war period. The strain and stress of war employment made the ships less efficient than before. We have now, I am constrained to say, had to incur this prohibitive expenditure as a result of the legacy which the Government have left us by running our ships to death during the period of the war. I referred to this aspect both in 1946 as well as in 1947. I told you that the repair bill in view of the high cost of material and labour was not likely to be reduced but in all probability the same would remain on the very high side, and I warned you that that important factor would swell the cost of operations.

During the year under review while the cost of repairs and surveys rose to Rs. 51 lakhs as compared to the sum of Rs. 47 lakhs incurred last year, the reconditioning of the two passenger ships 'JALADURGA' and 'JALAGOPAL' involved a sum of a little over Rs. 74 lakhs. The reconditioning of steamers, and particularly passenger steamers, after the war, is a common phenomenon so far as shipping all the world over is concerned. It has involved all shipping companies in huge expenditure but it has enabled them to renew their passenger and cargo services at a much earlier date than they would otherwise have been able to do. A number of British shipping companies interested in the trades of the South East Asia like the P. & O., the Ellerman, the Anchor and the Orient Lines have re-converted several of their ships at sums which a layman not directly connected with shipping would regard as prohibitive. As your Directors have told you in their Report, the re-conditioning and re-conversion of 'JALADURGA' and 'JALAGOPAL' will prolong their life, in the opinion of the experts by a further period of 12 to 15 years. That is then the justification, gentlemen, as to why these ships have been re-converted and re-conditioned at a cost which it is not very easy for those who are not connected with shipping to appraise and appreciate.

DIFFICULT OF ACQUIRING PASSENGERSHIPS

I am afraid that it is also not properly appreciated that a passenger ship suitable for the deck passenger trade is not easy to obtain in the market. When it was decided to overhaul and re-condition the 'JALADURGA' and 'JALAGOPAL' no such passenger steamers could have been purchased. Moreover, it was out of question to construct such ships. For one thing, it was clear that it was impossible to get building berths and the necessary licence for the construction of such ships in the United Kingdom. The need of foreign exchange on the part of Great Britain is as much responsible for this unfortunate circumstance as the political considerations which would weigh in the development of Indian shipping from the viewpoint of how the same may compete with those British lines which dominate our trades. The Company was, however, under an obligation under the Tripartite Agreement to maintain its passenger services in the Bay of Bengal. The Company cannot get out of the trade which it had built up. The only way left open to the Company was to re-condition and reconvert its passenger ships after they were delivered by the Government so that they could fulfil their obligations. In the meantime conditions of passenger traffic between India and Burma having undergone a radical change, it became necessary to start conversations with our British colleagues with a view to rationalise the passenger services under altered conditions of the trade in the Bay of Bengal and it is hoped that some satisfactory arrangement would be evolved whereby the Indian and the British tonnage would arrive at a reasonable understanding for promoting their respective economy in those waters.

As soon as the complaint came to our ear that the amount spent in reconditioning and re-converting was considered exorbitant, we tried to ascertain what this reconditioning and re-conversion would have cost had the ships been taken to the United Kingdom. The information that we have received from the experts in London who specialise in this business, indicates that it would have cost a little less than what they have cost in this country One can understand that in view of the highly developed state of the shipping industry in the United Kingdom and the peculiar conditions prevailing in that connections in this land. I may, however, add that the question of sending these ships to the United Kingdom for reconditioning was not feasible, because, in the first place, they were hardly in a fit condition to proceed there and secondly, no British firms would have undertaken the work in view of their heavy commitments in other directions. As a matter of fact even in placing orders for new construction, the deliveries indicated by British firms were highly unsatisfactory.

RE-CONVERSION CHARGES

Moreover, amounts varying from £7,50,000 to £2,000,000 have been spent for such re-conversion in the United Kingdom on several ships. A ship like the 'Monowai' (of about 10,000 tons) cost the owners over a million pounds for such re-conversion as was reported in the Journal of Commerce last month. The point which I, therefore, wish to emphasise is that the amounts which the Company has spent for the reconditioning and re-conversion of 'JALADURGA' and 'JALAGOPAL' are such as are usually incurred by shipowners elsewhere for such purpose. Large sums may be involved in such reconversion, but it has to be realised that those companies which have to maintain their services and which do not desire to go out of the trades that they have built up, have no other alternative but to incur this cost, particularly when by so doing the life of the ship is prolonged for a fairly reasonable period of 12 to 15 years. Whatever the information which the Committee of the shareholders desire to get from us under this head was given to them and I hope that that will enable them, and from what I have told you, will enable you all to look at the question of repairs, surveys and reconditioning of ships in a growing shipping organisation under the present circumstances from the proper perspective and so to form a just appreciation of the actual position.

We have been asked as to why we made investments in the Air Services of India, Ltd. The reason is very simple. It is in the ultimate interests of the shipping company to have a stake in air services. That is the attitude of shipping of the important maritime countries of the world so far as their stake in air services is concerned. Moreover, such questions have not always to be viewed merely from the view point of rupees, annas and pies. They have to be considered in the larger interests of economy and the position of shipping. That is the reason why we have considered it advisable to invest the funds of the Company in the Air Services of India. The answer to the question as to why we did not buy all our shares from the market is that we wanted to see that the capital structure of the Air Services was strengthened by such investments as it was possible for us to make.

HUGE SUM SPENT

From what I have told you, you must have noted that we had to spend a huge sum for re-conditioning our passenger ships, as a consequence of the manner in which they were worked to death by the Government of India. That was really their responsibility and not the responsibility of the Company. Similarly the Company has suffered substantially in its income as it had to run its ships under Government orders for the carriage of refugees from Pakistan to India. Here also the Company could not run its ships on a commercial basis. We have decided to make suitable representations to the Government for recouping the losses which the Company has suffered in this connection.

As you know construction bounties and subsidies have been given for building ships in important maritime countries of the world. Only very recently war-devastated Italy gave a subsidy of over £15,000,000 for building 260,000 tons in Italian shipyards. It is obvious that in view of the circumstances mentioned by me, we cannot build ships at present in this country at the same cost at which they are built in the United Kingdom. We have already made a representation to the Government on this subject and we propose to make a further representation to the Government to give such help as may bring the cost of the ships built in this country more or less to the same level of cost of building ships in the United Kingdom. I have no doubt that in view of the new shipping policy of the Government of India, they would consider our proposals favourably and take decision at an early date in this connection.

Some of you, gentlemen, feel that as I am getting on in years I cannot continue to give my advice and guidance to the Agents and the Company. How true are these words! But do you not realise, gentlemen, that just as a man cannot help his personality, similarly he cannot prevent himself from getting old. I have done all that I can for the Company and for my country according to my lights for the last thirty years. It will be a very poor tribute indeed to my services if you honestly feel that the organisation which I have built up during the last three decades will not continue to function effectively if I am not in my Chair in the Company. I assure you that the organisation will continue to function because it has been built up on very solid foundations and consists of officers who are devoted to their work and have a high sense of responsibility. Even Rajaji, our Governor-General, remarked only two days ago that "the Scindia Steam Navigation Company has done and is doing a tremendous deal under its able and dynamic management to rebuild India's shipping industry." Some of you have also suggested that in view of the increased and increasing activities of the Scindia Organisation there should be more men in Agents' firm to cope up with the growing work. I must tell you at once that in my opinion the Agents have been doing their duty by the Company all these years but now in the light of the new work and expansion of the activities of the Company, I may tell you that the Directors and the Agents have been considering for some time past how to increase the personnel of the Agents' firm so that more men may be available to cope with problems and the new activities of the Company which have been increasing from day to day. With a view to find early solution of this important problem your Directors recently appointed a Committee of those Directors who are not interested in the Managing Agency firm for this purpose. They will explore all possibilities to find a practical and workable solution of this vital problem. I may add here that the new Directors, viz., Seth Dharamsey Mulraj Khatau, Seth Kasturbhai Lalbhai, Seth Navinchandra Mafatlal, Seth K. R. P. Shroff whom we are going to invite to join the Board will no doubt help the present Board by their guidance and advice in finding a solution of this important question.

(To Be Continued)

Congress Funds And Expenses

ASOKA MEHTA'S REPLY TO KALA VENKATA RAO

BOMBAY, Feb. 12 (U.P.I.): Mr. Asoka Mehta has issued the following rejoinder to the statement issued by the General Secretary of the All-India Congress Committee:

"I was surprised to read the statement issued by Mr. Kala Venkata Rao. My article on the sources of finance of political parties was essentially educative and not propagandist. I wish Mr. Rao had tried to understand it before cavilling at it.

"The General Secretary of the Congress observes, in his statement, that the income resources of the Congress, for the period 1.10.45 to 30.9.47, a period of two years, amounted to Rs. 2,30,298-11-2 only. That means that the huge Congress organisation expended only Rs. 10,000, a month on its work. From my experience of the Bombay Section of the Socialist Party I know that this is not possible. My party spent in 1948, as shown in my article, Rs. 4,250 a month on its multifold activities in Bombay City. Surely the Congress spend more than twice this amount not for Bombay alone but for the country as a whole. The truth is that the Congress spends on its many tired organisation and its far-flung paraphernalia, between fifty to five hundred times the amount put forward by its General Secretary in his statement. From a former Revenue Minister one expected greater regard for statistics.

SOURCES OF INCOME.

"In my article I had referred to the sources of income, in the case of the two major American political parties, for the Presidential Election Campaigns. The Congress, in India, has fought elections and scored sweeping victories. How much money was spent after these elections and what were its sources—were these also financed from the famous four-anna membership dues? The Jaipur Session of the Congress cost nearly Rs 60,000,000. What was the pattern of donations for it?

"I am not interested in knowing the names of the persons who contribute to the Congress funds, but I believe the public has the right to know the size of the donations and the economic position of the donors. I am prepared to revise my remarks if Mr Kala Venkata Rao can supply this information and prove in the light of it that my conclusions are baseless. Will he do it?"

PARIS, Feb. 12 (P.T.I.-Reuter): M. Jacques Bernard Herizog, a leading official of the Ministry of France Overseas, left Paris to-day for Cannes, on the French Rivera, where he is to have talks during the weekend with ex-Emperor Bao Dai of Annam on the future relations of France and Indo-China.

World Faced With "Great Issue"

WILL CHANGE BE PEACEFUL OR VIOLENT?

Soviet Out For "World Conquest," Says J. F. Dulles

PHILADELPHIA, FEB. 13, (UPA):— JOHN FOSTER DULLES, MEMBER OF THE UNITED STATES DELEGATION TO THE UNITED NATIONS, SAID THAT THE "GREAT ISSUE" OF OUR TIME IS "WHETHER THE CHANGE WILL BE A PEACEFUL AND BENEVOLENT EVOLUTION OR WHETHER IT WILL BE A VIOLENT AND MALIGNANT REVOLUTION"

He said in an address prepared for delivery at the midwinter graduation exercises of the University of Pennsylvania: "The leaders of most nations see that to be the great issue". He said the United States must play a decisive role in the struggle to determine "whether the ways of peace or the ways of violence are to prevail".

He said Soviet Communist leaders seek "to lay hold of the peaceful evolution now in process and turn it into a violent revolution on which they may ride to world conquest."

Dulles, who received the honorary Doctor of Laws degree, expressed confidence that the United States with "greater strength than ever possessed by any nation since the days of Rome" would assume the leadership in the fight for a peaceful change. He added that the Soviet leaders can be expected to "take account of the superior strength that is intelligently marshalled."

WAR CRIMES GUILT

Four-Power Agreement Blocked By Russia

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12 (PTI-Reuter): Russian insistence that war crimes guilt should apply only to Nazis nearly blocked Four-Power agreement on the legal basis for the Nuremberg trials, it was officially stated here tonight.

The disclosure of the basic disagreement between Russia on the one hand, and Britain, France and the United States on the other, was made by the United States Department in the publication for the first time of the minutes of the London Conference in 1945, which drew up the principles of substantive law for the trial of European war criminals.

In the preface to the record, the American representative at the conference, Supreme Court Justice, Robert H. Jackson said the most serious disagreement was over the definition of crimes.

AMERICAN VIEW

In the United State's view, the Soviet Delegation pressed a definition which "had the effect of declaring certain acts crimes only when committed by Nazis" he said.

The American Delegation, on the other hand, contended that the criminal nature of such acts could not depend on who committed them.

The Russians pressed for their definition until the conference had its last meeting when "the Soviet qualifications were dropped and agreement was reached on a generic definition acceptable to all" Justice Jackson said.

Other disagreements brought to light in the 440-page accounts of the meeting were:—

(1) The Soviet view that judicial inquiry is made principally by the Court as opposed to the Anglo-American practice of having the parties before the Court to set forth the evidence.

(2) The Soviet view that a Court is an instrument of the governing power as opposed to the Anglo-American concept that a court is independent and responsible only before the law And

(3) The Soviet desire to have the trials take place at Berlin as opposed to the American desire to have them in Nuremberg, where the Nazi movement began

BUNCHE TIPPED FOR AMBASSADORIAL POST

NEW YORK, Feb. 13, (UPA):— The "Business Week" said, "A diplomatic precedent in the making is the prospective appointment of Dr. Ralph Bunche to succeed Lt.-Gen. Walter Bedell Smith as ambassador to Russia." Bunche, now the United Nations meditaor in Palestine, would be the first Negro to hold such a high post.

PATIL'S CALL TO LABOUR

"Rally Round Congress Banner And Strengthen India"

BOMBAY, Sunday— A clarion call to country's labour to rally round the banner of the Congress and to contribute their highest quota towards building up a strong, united and prosperous India was made by Mr. S. K. Patil here today. Mr. Patil was presiding over a function organised jointly by the workers of the Bombay Garage Limited, the French Motor Car Company Limited and the Triangular Motors Limited at People's Hall to congratulate Mr. T. S. Jahagirdar who successfully represented these workers in the industrial dispute between them and their employees, which was referred to the Industrial Tribunal for adjudication.

Mr. Patil congratulated Mr. Jahagirdar on his brilliant success in the adjudication proceedings. He further stressed the selfless services rendered by the Congress to workers and peasants all over the country since its inception. He warned the workers against the false and mischievous propaganda carried on by other political parties among ignorant and illiterate people with a view to gain political power.

In a brief reply Mr. Jahagirdar thanked the workers for the honour done to him. He further presented to Mr. Patil a sum of Rs. 3000/- collected by the workers of these three companies to be used for the welfare of the Bombay Automobile Employees' Union of which these workers are members.

Mr. H. N. Trivedi, Secretary of the Bombay Automobile Employees' Union gave a brief resume of the activities of the Union.

SHEIKH MURDERED IN CAIRO

Chief Of E. M. Brotherhood Killed By Unknown Assailant

CAIRO, FEB. 13, (PTI-REUTER): SHEIKH HASSAN EL BANNA, 39-YEAR-OLD CHIEF OF THE OUTLAWED EGYPTIAN MUSLIM BROTHERHOOD, EXTREME NATIONALIST MOVEMENT, WAS SHOT BY AN ASSAILANT HERE, TODAY, AND DIED IN HOSPITAL LATE TONIGHT.

Revolver shots, fired from a black limowsine, seriously wounded the Sheikh, as he was entering a taxi outside Young Men's Muslim Association building.

Two shots hit the Sheikh in the chest and two others hit a lawyer accompanying him in the leg and stomach. Three others went astray.

Nokrashy Pasha was assassinated by a student member of the Brotherhood two weeks after he had dissolved the organisation.

Sheikh Hassan el Banna (his name means "Hassan the Builder") is 38 and bearded. He claims a following of 500,000 in Egypt.

REMOVED TO HOSPITAL

Later both men of the firing, were immediately taken to hospital where they received blood transfusions. The limousine was driven away swiftly, but as the Sheikh was taken to hospital bleading profusely, he kept repeating "I saw the number plate".

SHEIKH'S "ARMY" OF 10,000 MEN

The Sheikh declared during the Palestine fighting that his Brotherhood (Ittihad-ul-Muslimen) had a programme for the "liberation of Palestine by fire and blood if necessary." He claimed he had an "army" of 10,000 men whose training had begun in 1942. The Egyptian Government, in banning the organisation, accused it of planning to overthrow the regime.

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FIVE PRINCIPLES GUIDE SCANDINAVIAN UNION

Danish Foreign Minister On Terms Of Defence Pact

COPENHAGEN, Feb. 13 (PTI-Reuter): Danish Foreign Minister Gustav Rasmussen said last night that Denmark, Norway and Sweden were agreed on at least five main principles of a Scandinavian Defence Union. The relatively recent Swedish offer of military assistance had created an entirely new situation, he added.

MAIN AGREEMENT

The Minister was explaining recent Scandinavian defence discussions to a party of 14 American journalists now visiting Denmark.

A series of negotiations had been held, from which it had been found that although the countries were not in complete agreement on all points, they were agreed on at least five main principles, he said.

These principles were:

(1) Each Scandinavian country, if attacked, would defend itself with all the forces at its disposal;

(2) An attack on one country would be regarded as an attack on the other two;

(3) Defence plans of the three countries should be co-ordinated;

(4) The Defence Union should be considered as a regional pact;

(5) If any of the three countries should be attacked, help should be sought from outside the Union.

GLOWING TRIBUTES TO 'DNYANPRAKASH'

On Completion Of 100 Years

POONA, Feb. 13, (A.P.I.): Glowing tributes were paid here today to "Dnyanprakash", the Marathi daily newspaper conducted by the Servants of India Society, on the celebration of its completion of one hundred years.

Messages wishing success to the paper were received among others from Mr. G. V. Mavlankar, Speaker of the Constituent Assembly, Mr. N. V. Gadgil, Minister for Works, Mines and Power, Government of India, Mr. B. R. Diwakar, Minister for Information and Broadcasting, and Mr. G. D. Tapase, Minister for Fisheries, Government of Bombay.

BRISBANE, Feb. 13, (PTI-Reuter): Relief supplies were today on their way to Cooktown, in Northern Queensland, which was badly damaged by a severe cyclone on Friday.

TWO MEDALS OF GANDHIJI RECOVERED

NEW DELHI, Feb. 13 (UPI).—Two medals which were awarded to Mahatma Gandhi for humanitarian services rendered by him during the Zulu rebellion and the Boer War in South Africa, were re-discovered yesterday in New Delhi through the efforts of Dr. D. G. Tendulkar, one of the biographers of Gandhiji. It is learnt.

The medals named as King's Medal and the Queen's Fedal, were awarded to Gandhiji for leading the Indian Field Ambulance Corps in South Africa. These medals with the Kaiser-i-Hind Medal, were returned by Gandhiji to the Government of India in 1919 on the eve of launching the first non-co-operation movement in India.

It is further learnt that the first two medals are now in the possession of the Defence Ministry of the Government of India. No trace of the Kaiser-i-Hind Medal is understood to have been found.

TASKS FOR FORTHCOMING A. I. MANUFACTURERS' CONFERENCE

Scheme For Economic Development Of Indo-Pacific Region Looms Large

(From A Correspondent.)

The forthcoming Conference of the A.I.M.O. is expected to deal with some of the foremost problems of Industry, Trade and Commerce facing the country today. The last two Conferences held in Delhi in 1947 and in Calcutta in 1948 made a substantial contribution on several important economic issues. The Conference in Delhi was inaugurated by the Prime Minister, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and the one at Calcutta was inaugurated by the Premier of Bengal, Dr. B. C. Roy. Both these Conferences attracted considerable attention and the Ministers and Officials of the Union Government and the Bengal Government also attended the Conferences.

PLAN FOR INCREASED PRODUCTION

In the forthcoming Conference, a resolution will be tabled on the recently announced Anti-Inflation policy of the Government and the aspect of that policy which seeks the co-operation of Indian Industrialists for increasing production will be thoroughly examined. It is almost a truism to say that a proper psychological atmosphere has to be created for the expansion of industries since the pace in that direction has slackened during the last two years in consequence of Government announcements on the subject of nationalisation of industries. A proper atmosphere free from suspicion can only be created by an adequate examination of the Government proposals to encourage and assist the establishment of new industries in the country which have been featured in the Anti-Inflation policy statement—namely, taxation relief and higher depreciation allowance on machinery, structures, etc., to new industries.

IMPORT POLICY LACKS CO-ORDINATION

The manufacturers in this country also feel that the extension of the Open General Licence to a large variety of commodities has inclined to an overflow of a large volume of foreign goods which are threatening many of the nascent indigenous industries without in any way correcting the problem of inflation. The import policy of the Government is, therefore, expected to be the subject-matter of a comprehensive resolution which would deal with all aspects of the Import Policy with special reference to manufacturing industries in India. There is a widespread feeling that the administration of the import policy lacks co-ordination with the fundamental policy of the Government for rapid industrial expansion and it is, therefore, necessary that the administration of import policy by the Ministry of Commerce should be co-ordinated with the industrial policy of the National Government to establish as many industries in India in as short a time as possible. Many of the Indian industries have come into difficulties, including key industries engaged in the manufacture of machine-tools, as a result of the heavy imports from foreign countries during the last few months. Moreover, as a result of the continuance of old tariff duties, many types of industrial raw materials and components used in finished products bear a higher rate of duty than the finished product imported from foreign countries with the result that the goods manufactured in India become proportionately more expensive than the finished product imported from foreign countries who are themselves producers of industrial raw material and semi-processed components.

"SPECIAL INTEREST"

The conference is expected to demand special representation in the Legislatures of the country for "Industrial interests". The industrial organisation has been agitating for functional representation for the last two years, during which period their representatives interviewed the members of the Drafting Committee on this subject and there is a sense of keen disappointment that in the Draft Constitution the authors have not been able to provide for separate representation for the manufacturers and industrialists as a "Special interest". In this connection, it may be noted that recently an amendment has been proposed by the Drafting Committee permitting the President of the Council of States and the House of the People to nominate three experts in regard to any measure to be introduced by the Government in the Legislature. The Industrial community does not feel assured by such academic representation through nomination by the President as they feel that such representatives, not being the elected representatives of the community, would not be able to voice effectively their standpoint "vis-a-vis" other interests and the Government.

INDO-PAKISTAN TRADE PROSPECTS

Another subject on which the Conference expects to make some contribution is the trade between India and Pakistan, which by reason of the cessation of hostilities in Kashmir is now inclined to grow into importance as time passes. In this connection, the question of custom barriers between the two Dommions has to be closely examined as in some cases custom barriers may have harmful repercussions on the national economics of both the Dominions having regard to the fact that until recently their economy was one. Whatever steps may be found necessary for placing the Inter-Dominion trade on a sound and lasting footing would have to be reduced to a trade agreement for which there appears to be an urgent need.

FOR INTEGRATED ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

The two E.C.A.F.E. Conferences held last year in Ooty and Australia and the recent Asian Countries Conference on the question of Indonesia have definitely left an impression on all interests concerned and the Manufacturers' Conference is likely to show its reaction in one of the proposed resolutions which expresses a hope for some scheme of integrated economic development of the Indo-Pacific region of Asia. The Indo-Pacific region is a producer of some of the most important raw material several of which are a monopoly of these regions, such as Jute, Rubber, Tea, Shellac and minerals like Tin, Mica, Lead, Manganese, etc., and a suggestion for an integrated economic development of these areas can be of considerable assistance to the countries concerned and will also be a very important factor for the peace and goodwill of the countries of the world.

C.P. GOVERNOR SEES 'CHANDRALEKHA'

NAGPUR, Feb. 13: Presiding over the premiere of Gemini's "Chandralekha" at 6 p.m., today at 'Liberty', Sri Mangaldas Pakwasa observed that the film is easily the that the Indian screen has seen so far and that significantly enough it bears true to our Netaji's remark that Indian films are going step by step forward. In this film two or three things are worth noting. The film does not violate—any violate any principle of decency in the production of pictures. The Indian character is well maintained in every way,—in story, acting, etc. The twins significantly enough symbolise the existence of good and bad in life, that we witness every day.

Complimenting Mr. S. S. Vasan, the producer he said: "It is a mighty picture and our pride".

Among those present were the Hon'ble Ministers, Mr. M.shra and Mr. Mehta. His Excellency remained at the theatre till the end.

Saiyidain Opens Visual Aid Exhibition

BOMBAY, Sunday:

The Visual Aids Education Exhibition, organised by the Bombay Board of Visual Education and the Headmasters' Association, was inaugurated by Mr. K. G. Saiyidain, Educational Adviser to the Government of Bombay, at the New Era High School this evening.

Mr. Saiyidain referred to the efforts of the Visual Education Board in providing visual aids, which served as a medium of mass education not only to the school children but also to the adults.

The Educational Adviser said that under Government's five-year programme for expanding the scope of Visual Education in this Province, an up-to-date library of Indian and foreign films has been built up and would be made available to schools by rotation.

He said that 600 films, silent as well as vocal, were being circulated throughout the Province. Further, under the direction of the boards, specially appointed by Government, production of useful educational films has been undertaken. Mr. Sayidain also disclosed that the Central Government has a proposal to set up a central machinery to regulate production and to co-ordinate the activities of the various provinces.

Miss Indumathi Shet, Parliamentary Secretary to the Minister for Education, Government of Bombay, who presided, congratulated the sponsors of the Exhibition.

The Exhibition, which will remain open till Febuary 16, has been classified into 16 sections, most important of which are Citizenship, Health and Hygiene, UNO and World Citizenship.

The inauguration of the Exhibition was followed by a demonstration of educational films.

Arab States' Terms For Opening Peace Talks

DAMASCUS, Feb. 13, (PI-Reuter): Five Arab countries—Syria, the Lebanon, Iraq, Yemen and Saudi Arabia—will agree to armistice talks with Israel providing the Jews give an undertaking to take back Arab refugees, it was learned from a usually reliable source here today.

They also want the Israeli Government to promise not to change the status of Jerusalem pending the recommendations of the United Nations Conciliation Commission.

The newspaper "Alefba" today "Informed circles" in the Syrian capital as saying they expected a British diplomatic demonstration in the near future, reopening the problem of a regional bloc and defensive alliance in the Middle East.

Refugees Pour Into Rangoon

CALCUTTA, Feb. 13 (API).—Refugees of different nationalities, including Indians, were pouring in Rangoon from Insein and other troubled areas for the last three days, according to a passenger who arrived in Calcutta from Rangoon by a BOAC plane yesterday evening.

This plane which operates on Hong Kong-Southampton line was the only aircraft, which reached Calcutta from Rangoon yesterday.

He said that life was normal at present in the city of Rangoon though a state of tension prevailed. The Burmese Government were taking all steps possible for them to accomodate the refugees.

LULL AT INSEIN

RANGOON, Feb. 13 (PTI-Reuter).—Burmese Government forces were today searching for 114 prisoners, who had escaped from Mergui Jail, Southern Tenasserim, it was officially announced.

The lull was reported to be continuing at Insein where fighting between the Burmese and Karens has entered its third week.

FOOTBOARD PASSENGERS, BEWARE!

PATNA, Feb. 13 (API):—Death came strangely to sixteen footboard passengers today travelling by express trains speeding past in opposite directions on the double line section. At 6 p.m. today on the double line section at Mananpur near Kiul junction, 253 miles from Calcutta, Nine others were seriously injured and were admitted to hospital.

According to a report received here a number of passengers travelling on the offside footboards of an Express train violently dragged against and knocked down twenty-five others of their category from the other train sending sixteen of them to their death in the process.

Drought Paralyzes Spanish Industry

MADRID, Feb. 13, (U. P. A.): A persistent drought throughout Spain has nearly paralyzed industry and forced the Government to take drastic action.

Cloudless skies Saturday prompted the Government to impose severe restriction on the use of power in factories, shops and homes.

TO HOLD OR NOT TO HOLD JAPAN?

Tokyo Revelations And Washington Denials

TOKYO, Feb. 13 (PTI-Reuter): Washington's categorical denial that high ranking United States army officials said in Tokyo last week that America contemplated withdrawing occupation troops from Japan caused surprise in informed quarters here today.

Most of official Tokyo has known for a week that a special press conference, from which General MacArthur's Public Information Official was excluded, was called last Sunday night by high United States military authority and that only certain American correspondents were invited to attend.

(In Washington last night Mr. William H. Draper, Acting Secretary for the Army, firmly denied that Secretary Kenneth Royall, now touring the Far East including Japan and Korea had made a statement incidating withdrawal or possible abandonment of Japan either during war or otherwise. Mr. Royal is now in Hawaii on his way back to Washington. He is expected there on Tuesday.

NO OBLIGATION TO JAPANESE

Transcript of the Press Conference quoting a high military authority directly, said: "I don't think we have a single obligation to these people (the Japanese) for anything.

"I don't think we have any moral obligation or any other kind of obligation to feed them or protect them.

"I tend to the opinion that it (Japan) is valueless in the case of war with Russia. I don't know what our troops here could do in the event of the outbreak of war.

"It might be better to pull them out before war starts".

Other points made in the transcript were: "I am not certain we could hold Japan, nor am I certain it would be worthwhile as long as we have Okinawa (midway between Japan and Formosa) and the Philippines, which are relatively safer and from where we can mount a stratefic air attack.

The Japanese Kyodo News Agency tonight quoted "a high—ranking officer of the Supreme Command in Japan" for the statement that nothing had happened anywhere to indicate that any change of policy had taken place in the United States.

PORTUGAL VOTES FOR PRESIDENT

LISBON, February 13 (PTI-Reuter) Portuguese electors, favoured by fine sunny weather, today voted to elect a President.

Officially there were two candidates —79—year-old Marshal Antonio Oscar Carmona, President of the Republic for the past 22 years, and Gen. Norton De Matos withdrew his nomination on Friday, but a Home Ministry Communique today said that because of a High Court decision not to recognise the withdrawal, polling officials "should not fail to have all votes for General de Matos counted and registered".

Wallace Attacks Both American Parties

WASHINGTON, February 12 (PTI-Reuter): Mr. Henry Wallace, chief of the progressive party making his first major speech since last November elections, told a Negro church rally here that the Republicans and Democrats had betrayed the country by not pressing for civil rights for Negroes.

Mr. Wallace claimed the Republican and Democratic parties had failed in their policies at home and abroad.

The Progressive Party—which alone demanded complete economic, political and social equility—would not rest until negroes sat not only in Congress but in every state legislature and town Council, he declared.

"WORLD'S FAITH IN S. AFRICA BROKEN"

'Serpent Of Black Danger Has Entered Union Paradise,' Says Smuts

PAARL (CAPE PROVINCE), Feb. 12 (PTI-Reuter): General Smuts said here tonight that the world's confidence in South Africa had been shaken by the change of Government last year and this had led to an unfavourable position in the Union's finances.

South Africa now had "to beg for money from country to country" and, could not get the money she needed for development, in this prosperous agricultural centre.

SERPENT OF BLACK DANGER

Speaking of the Government's racial policy General Smut's said" the serpent of the black danger had entered the South African paradise.

The country was suffering from a poison and the feeling of unity had disappeared.

There was no more "black danger" now than there was ten years ago.

It was a cry used for political purposes and was a crime against South Africa for which the country would pay.

He was not an embittered and disappointed man.

South Africa had given him glittering chances.

He had not suffered a personal disappointment but he was disappointed for South Africa.

PART OF APARTHE DRIVE

JOHANNESBURG, Feb. 13 (PTI-Reuter): A Bill to prevent mixed marriages is to be introduced by the South African Government during the present session of Parliament

It is expected that the bill, announced in the speech from the throne by the Governor-General Brand Van Zyl when he opened the session last month, will form part of the Government's Apartheid (segregaton) policy.

A similar bill was introduced into parliament by a private member of the United Party in 1937. This aimed only at preventing marriages between Europeans and Asiatics and between Europeans and Natives.

Commenting on the Government's decision, the Johannesburg, "Star" wrote: "The present Government has not been very communicative about its intentions in this mattr, but it is safe to assume that the bill will go considerably further than the previous one and seek to prohibit the marriage of Europeans with coloured persons as well'.

DANGER TO BRITISH AND U.S. SECURITY

LILLE, Feb. 12 (PTI-Reuter): The National Congress of General De Gaulle's Rally of the French people today accused the French Government of endangering the security of Britain and the United States by the "vacillating" policy in Indo-China.

The Congress adopted a resolution which said: "The Rally of the French people affirms publicly that the Third Force Government, although claiming to particpate in the common defence of Western Europe at the same time refused the credits necessary for carrying out any military mission.

General Pierre De Benouville, a Gaullist leader, said after the meeting: "We cannot expect America and Britain to take us seriously if France cannot even defend her own territory and particularly Indo-China which is the last bastion in South-East Asia.

People IN THE NEWS

RAJAJI VISITS RAJGHAT

NEW DELHI, Feb. 13 (API).—The Governor-General Mr. C. Rajagopalachari visited Rajghat today to see the Sarvodaya exhibition. He spent about two hours there.

SARDAR PATEL

MADRAS, Feb. 13 (API).—Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, India's Deputy Prime Minister, will visit Madras this month on his way to Hyderabad. He will arrive in Madras on February 22 and after a two-day stay will proceed to Hyderabad on the morning of February 24.

During his stay here, he is expected to address the Congress Legislature Party and a public meeting.

SAROJINI NAIDU

NEW DELHI, Feb. 13 (UPI).—Her Excellency Mrs. Sarojini Naidu, Governor of U.P. who entered her 70th year today made an air trip from Lucknow to Delhi this morning and paid a visit to Rajghat where she made floral offerings to Mahatma Gandhi's 'Samadhi' and invoked his blessings. She was accompanied by her daughter, Miss Padmaja Naidu, and Mrs. Indira Gandhi.

SRI PRAKASA

GAUHATI, Feb. 13 (API).—Mr. Sri Prakasa, Governor-designate of Assam, is arriving here on February 15 by air from Banaras. He will land at Kahikuchi airfield at 2 p.m. and will leave for Shillong the same evening. Mr. Sri Prakasa is expected to take over charge on February 16. During his brief stay in Gauhati the Governor-designate will be accorded a public reception in the evening.

BANARAS, Feb. 13 (API).—Mr. Sri Prakasa, Governor-designate of Assam, was felicited and entertained at a number of social functions organised here during the last three days by the Congress and other non-official bodies.

SIR A. R. MUDALIAR

BANGALORE, Feb. 13 (API).—Sir A. Ramaswami Mudaliar, Dewan of Mysore and former Chairman of the United Nations Economic and Social Council is visiting America next month.

VICE-ADMIRAL WOODHOUSE

BOMBAY, Sunday.—Maj.-Gen. and D. S. Brar, gave a dinner party at Gun House, Colaba, tonight in honour of Vice-Admiral Woodhouse, C-in-C, East Indies Fleet.

Shipping News

IMPORTS

BOMBAY, February 12.

s.s. TREVETHOE

From London: 41 bags iron pipe fittings, 97 cases artificial silk yarn, 653 stns electric lamps and bulbs, 51 cases nail polish, 149 cases biscuits, 55 packages art silk yarn, 113 cases fluorescent lighting equipment, 269 cases gin, 40 drums aluminium powder, 160 packages distemper, 40 ctns coffee, 60 stns lamps, 100 drums sodium sulphide anhydrous, 190 bags bicarbonate of soda, 500 bales sanitary paper, 50 cases tonic wine, 50 cases gummed paper, 84 cases radio receivers, 18 cases duplicating paper, 208 cases harmless medicines, 1,989 drums calcium hypochlorrite, 300 sacks whiting, 300 sacks paper tinned whitings, 105 bags steels washers, 118 packages paint, 112 packages dry colour, 70 cases medicines, 300 drums steel bleaching powder, 1,312 drums chloride of time, 400 cases paper sacks powdered paris white, 192 cases colour, 700 cases Gardon's gin 100 cases Red Label whisky, 638 cases writing ink, 203 cases Anzora hair cream, 4,000 cases Portland cement. 80 cases diesel engines, 9.990 bags cement, 241 bales cotton yarn, 171 packages cellulose enamel, 140 cases toilet preparation, 3.850 packages paste distemper, 529 ctns boot polish. 50 cases confectionery, 80 bags snap-head rivets, 85 cases squashes, 50 cases ink, 347 cases Aspro, 40 cases galvanised roofing screws. 40 packages paste distemper, 67 cases electric cables, 125 drums cellulose paint, 38 ctns cycle dynamos, 69 cases colour, 58 packages water softening plant, 500 cases flat white tiles, 327 drums bleaching powder. 147 packages electric cables, 250 crates galvanized tiles, 228 cases copper wire, 232 drums bleaching powder, 33 bales conduit tubes, 160 cases T. solution.

From Rotterdam: 50 cases beer.

EXPORTS

GOODS ENTERED FOR EXPORT:

s.s. LAMBOK

To Seattle: 53 bales cotton waste—M. Narottamdas & Co.

To Vancouver: 25 bales cotton waste—M. Narottamdas & Co.

To San Francisco: 85 bales cotton waste—M. Narottamdas & Co.

To Portland: 70 bales cotton waste—M. Narottamdas & Co.

To Panang: 13 bags dry ginger, 5 bags dry ginger 10 cases cashew kernels and 10 bundles corriander-seeds—A. G. Abdulla.

s.s. ALHUSAIN

To Chittagong: 730 bales cotton yarn—Swadeshi Cotton Mills Co., Ltd.

s.s. KAMPALA

To Mombasa: 27 bales cotton piecegoods—F. M. Mauji. 20 bales cotton piecegoods—C. Dipchand. 7 bales cotton piecegoods—Poojara Trading Co. 15 bales cotton piecegoods—K. Kangi.

s.s. CILICIA

To Liverpool: 101 bales cotton piecegoods—United Traders Ltd.

s.s. UMARIA

To Mauritius: 26 bales cotton piecegoods—H. S. H. Joosub. 48 bales cotton piecegoods—E. S. Mamoojee. 40 bales cotton piecegoods—D. Dadabhai & Co.

BY AIR

To Karachi: 640 packages betel leaves—M. Din & Co. 300 packages betel leaves—Behalden & Co.

s.s. TRAVANCORE

To Antwerp: 22 bags drugun—Ram Agency.

To Aden: 100 bales cotton piecegoods—C. Bhaichandbhai & Co. 21 bales cotton piecegoods—Harilal & Bros.

s.s. DUMRA

To Kumait: 109 bags tamarind—H. Essa & Bros.

s.s. JALA MOTI

To Rotterdam: 220 bales raw cotton—Eastern Cotton Co. 820 bales raw cotton—K. Devchand & Co., Ltd.

To Hamburg: 220 bales cotton—N. Nagso & Co.

To Liverpool: 90 bales cotton raw—Podar Trading Co., Ltd.

s.s. BARALA

To Dubai. 13 bales cotton piecegoods V. S. Agashe & Co. 10 bales cotton piecegoods—S. V. Pandit & Co. 50 bags turmeric and 25 bags ginger —A. Faruk. 25 bags turmeric—H. M. Falaknaz.

s.s. KALAVATI

To Karachi: 15 bales cotton piecegoods—D. S. Charandas.

Arrivals And Departures Of Steamers

BOMBAY, Feb. 12.

ARRIVALS.

S.S. Steelking from Baumant (Texas) with genl. cargo on Feb. 11.

S.S. City of Worcester from Glasgow with genl. cargo on Feb. 12.

S.S. Exhibitor from Baltimore with with genl. cargo on Feb. 12.

S.S. St. Jan from Copenhagan with genl. cargo on Feb. 12.

S. S. Vulcano from Galveston with yellow milo on Feb. 11.

DEPARTURES.

S.S. Vest for Calcutta in ballast on Feb. 11.

S.S. Steel Apprentice for Calcutta with genl. cargo on Feb. 10.

S.S. Exminster for Calcutta with genl. cargo on Feb. 11.

DELHI ASSURANCE TO SCARCITY AREAS

NEW DELHI, Feb. 13, (A.P.I.): A spokesman of the Food Ministry said today that supplies of foodgrains would not be allowed to run out in any part of the country despite a considerable failure of crops in Gujrat, Saurashtra, Baroda and certain other areas.

Way-Out For Foreign Competition In Sugar

BOMBAY, Feb. 12, (A. P. I.): India would not be able to stand foreign competition in sugar unless the price could be reduced to the level of world prices, said Sir Datar Singh, Vice-Chairman of the Indian Council of Agricultural Research, presiding over the annual meeting of the Indian Central Sugarcane Committee here today.

Sir Datar Singh added that if the five-year development schemes which the provincial Governments had undertaken to work were pursued, significantly larger yields of cane and sugar per acre would accrue and the target of production of sixteen lakh tons per annum would have been reached by the end of the period.

Talks On Increasing East-West Trade

GENEVA, Feb. 13, (U. P. A.): Delegates from over 20 countries, including the United States and Russia, will open talks here Monday designed to increase trade between countries of Eastern and Western Europe.

Stop Press

DISORDER BREAKS OUT IN TSINGTAO

SHANGHAI, Feb. 13, (PTI-Reuter): Disorder broke out last night in Tsingtao—last Government-held city in North China—when crowds, taking advantage of the growing panic and confusion, tried to storm and loot shops and private dwellings.

40 DEAD IN TRAIN DERAILMENT

TARRAGONA (Spain), Feb. 13, (U. P.A.): Forty persons were known dead and scores injured early today when the Barcelona-Madrid night express was derailed near here. The entire train left the tracks and the first three cars plunged 120 feet into a dry river bed.

FINAL STAGE IN NORTH ATLANTIC PACT

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13, (U.P.A.): The North Atlantic Pact has today reached the stage where the State Department has invited in foreign affairs leaders of Congress to give informal approval before the final draft is completed to submit to the seven Governments for approval and signature. It was expected that the draft pact will probably be signed by mid-March. The signing probably will be done in Bermuda.

FRENCH MINISTER RESIGNS

PARIS, Feb. 13 (PTI-Reuter).—M. Andre Marie, French Minister of Justice, has resigned, it was officially announced here tonight.

M. Marie, a Radical, is succeeded by a popular Republican, M. Lecourt.

Three-Fold Increase In World Prices

LONDON, (By Cable).

World prices—as measured by the index list of British imports—are now almost three-fold those of pre-war.

The latest monthly statement from the Board of Trade, for December, gives the total imports index number of 297 compared with 100 in 1938. Britain's total exports, on the other hand, stand at 259. This is also the figure for exports of manufactured goods.

The index number for British exports of food, drink and tobacco stands at 226—compared with 278 for corresponding imports. The prices of raw material exports, although three points below those of November, are just over three times 1938, the index number being 306.

Raw material imports, on the other hand, rose by three points on November and at the end of the year stood at 349—three-and-a-half times the pre-war figure.—(London Press Service).

Big Railway Contracts For British Firms

LONDON, (By Cable).

A contract for more than 1,000,000 locomotive boiler and flue tubes has been placed with Tube Investments of Birmingham by Spanish Railways, Madrid.

These tubes are required in connection with the major overhaul of locomotives, now under way, on Spain's railway system.

Another important overseas rail order just announced has gone to a Cardiff firm, the Cambrian Wagon Works. Valued at £100,000 it is for the building of 35-ton bogie vagons for Nyasaland Railways. It follows a contract recently completed by the firm for Indian State Railways for 20-ton wagons valued at £150,000.—(London Press Service).

SUGAR WORKERS DOWN TOOLS

INDORE, Feb. 13, (A. P. I.): Workers of nine small factories of Indore numbering about fifteen hundred downed tools this morning for non-compliance of the Government's order by their employers regarding standardisation of wages and payment of dearness allowance

A labour spokesman expressed the fear that if things were allowed to continue as at present the situation might further be aggravated by the thirty thousand textile workers joining the strike. The mill owners have not paid so far one and a half months bonus to the textile workers, in accordance with the award of the industrial court.

LONDON DISCOUNTS.

LONDON, Feb. 12.

Day to Day Loan 1/2 to 3/4 p.c.
Sort Money 1/2 to 3/4 p.c.
Bank bills three months 9/16 p.c.
Bank bills six omnths 11/16 p.c.
Fine trade bills 3 months 1 to 1-1/2 p.c.
Fine trade bills 6 months 1-1/2 to 2 p.c.
Fine trade bills 6 months 1-1/2 to 2 p.c.
Treasury bills two months 1/2 to 17/32 p.c.
Treasury bills three months 1/2 to 17/32 p.c.

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The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B. 1068

Rail Strike-Political Move To Upset Government

PANDIT NEHRU DEPLORES WORKERS' ATTITUDE

Says Rights Of Labour Entail Obligations On Its Part As Well

QUESTION OF EQUITABLE DISTRIBUTION

AHMEDABAD, Feb. 12 (API).—Addressing the Textile Labour Association here, Pandit Nehru said that once the problem of production was satisfactorily solved, the next question which should be taken up was its equitable distribution. Some nations had solved the problem of distribution by undertaking nationalisation. This was also on the programme of the Government but this could not be effected now by legislative enactments.

Each problem must be judged according to its importance in the scheme of our national life and must be solved accordingly. In the spheres of education, public health, to strengthen the security of India and build up a strong defence machinery. After all, Government got money only by the levy of taxes. The money thus secured could not be frittered away in projects whose execution could await.

RIGHT TO STRIKE CONCEDED, BUT.....

Pandit Nehru next referred to the question of strikes. He emphasised that he was not out to deny the right to strike. He conceded that strike as a weapon was a necessity so long as the present social order continued. But in exercising that right, labour must realise the social consequences of a strike at the present phase of our national life. Loss of production hurt not only the community at large but labour itself which sought to profit by it.

The constitution of the Textile Labour Association had been framed under the direction of Mahatma Gandhi and it stressed the importance of arbitration in the matter of capital-labour disputes before the latter resorted to strikes.

It was this policy, he had no doubt, which went to build up the Textile Labour Association as a strong organisation of labour, enabled it to render assistance to its members and gave it a commanding position. Labour Unions which indulged in frequent strikes weakened themselves.

The Prime Minister said that it must be the duty of the State to provide suitable machinery for the arbitration of industrial disputes and to redress the just grievances of labour and create conditions under which strikes would become unnecessary. The loss of production caused by strikes, Pandit Nehru said, further accentuated inflation and all-round difficulties.

RAILWAY STRIKE, POLITICAL MOVE TO UPSET GOVT.

The Prime Minister next referred to the suggestions to stage a Railway strike. Government, he said, did their best under the circumstances to meet the demands of Railway labour. Yet dissatisfaction was voiced. What possibly could Government do anything further in the matter? If the strike materialises, it would cease to be a strike to secure economic betterment, but a political strike meant to upset highly improper. Government should the Government. This would be be changed by the ballot and not by strikes. A Railway strike at present would have serious consequences. What would happen to the movement of foodstuffs and what would happen to Gujerat which was faced with famine conditions? The strike, if it came about, would greatly add to the difficulties of the people and it would take long time before its ill-effects were removed.

OBLIGATIONS OF LABOUR

The Prime Minister emphasised that the rights of labour entailed obligations as well on its part. Of the demand for Socialism in certain quarters, the Prime Minister said that Socialism in itself was a good thing and it might come to our country as well. But Socialism was not consumation which could be brought about by mere legislative enactments. The necessary conditions precedent for Socialism must be created, as otherwise it would mean starvation and misery for another 20 years or more with no prospects of any tangible result in the end. Mere slogans would not carry them any further nor would it bring about Socialism.

ADVICE TO TEXTILE LABOUR ASSOCIATION

To the Textile Labour Association, Pandit Nehru said: "You have fought in the past with discrimination, relying on your own strength without any extraneous aid. In the future as well you must take care to do what is proper and just. Even here people took advantage of decontrol and made high profits. This is highly unjust."

ANUSUYABEN WELCOMES NEHRU

Shrimati Anusuyaben Sarabhai, President of the Association, welcoming Pandit Nehru said that "as the political heir of Mahatma Gandhi" the Prime Minister would also lead the country on the path of truth and non-violence and usher in the era of a classless society in which the economic exploitation of man by man would cease and each individual would have the fullest scope to develop his personality. The Textile Labour Association was strong today because it followed the path chalked by Mahatma Gandhi.

The Association has a membership of nearly a lakh and its annual subscription exceeds seven lakhs of rupees. Its activities include labour welfare work besides safeguarding the interests of its members.

MAHATMA GANDHI KIRTIMANDIR AT PORBANDAR

Explosive Situation In The Offing

(From Our Correspondent)

RAJKOT, Feb. 12.— The tempers among the orthodox vaishnavite worshipper of Shreenathji's Haveli temple at Porbandar are so frayed as to presage an explosive situation in the place of Mahatma Gandhi's nativity breaking out at any moment.

The aggravating cause of the existing disquieting situation is the breakdown of negotiations between the promoters of the Mahatma Gandhi Memorial Kirtimandir under construction in close proximity to the unprentious house in which Mahatma Gandhi was born and the orthodox Vaishnavites, who oppose teeth and nail the projected demolition of some shops belongnig to the Haveli temple setablishment to let the construction of the Kirtimandir, towards which Sheth Nanjibhai Kalidas, a prominent Lohana philanthropist has donated Rs. 2,50,000, be brought to a satisfactory finish.

The orthodox Vaishnavites threaten to seeh hemselves down asride he foundation ground and fast there unto death rather than tamely submitting to the demolition of the Haveli shops. Telegrams have been sent by them to Pandit Nehru, Sardar Patel and Mr. U. N. Dhebar.

Our Hubli Letter

STATUTORY RATIONING COMES INTO FORCE

(From Our Correspondent)

HUBLI, (By Mail). The Dharwar District Adult Education Board met recently at Dharwar and elected Messrs. Vamanrao Mudholkar and Bindu Madhava Burli as President and Secretary respectively.

Mr. Shanmukhappa Angadi, Deputy Speaker of the Bombay Legislative Assembly, presided over the meeting.

Statutory Rationing has come into effect in Hubli city which has a population of 120,000 from the 6th inst. The Rationing authorities have not been able to come with rush for applications for individual ration cards and as such many cards persons are now without ration cards. The Rationing authorities are issuing temporary cards to those who have not secured permanent cards to enable them to get their rations from the authorised ration depots in the meanwhile.

INDIA'S NEW POSTAGE STAMPS

"GLORY THAT WAS IND"

Historical Monuments To Figure In Stamps

NEW DELHI, Feb. 11.

AN EPOCH WILL BE REACHED IN THE HISTORY OF INDIA'S POSTAGE STAMPS WITH THE RELEASE OF A NEW SERIES, KNOWN AS THE ARCHAEOLOGICAL SERIES. SOME OF THEM WILL BE ON SALE TO THE PUBLIC FROM APRIL 1, 1949. THE STAMPS WHICH CONTAIN ILLUSTRATIONS OF HISTORICAL MONUMENTS OF ANCIENT INDIA DEPICT ITS ART AND CULTURE. IN SHORT, THE "GLORY THAT WAS IND".

COLOUR AND DESIGNS

Brief History Of New Series

The following is a brief descriptive note on colour and designs of the stamps:—

1. 3 Pies Stamp, blue grey, AJANTA PANEL — Taken from a pillar in Ajanta, it is favourite decorative motif representing an elephant rallying in a lotus pond. It has similarity to figures occurring on the ceiling of Cave I (end of 5th century A.D.).

2. 6 Pies Stamp, light brown, MOHENJO-DARO BULL — A most typical object of the proto-historic Indus Valley civilisation of the 4th-3rd millennia B.C. This powerfully modelled bull occurs on seals found at Monenjo-daro and Harappa, the two principal city-sites of this civilisation.

3. 9 Pies Stamp, bright green, TRIMURTI — Principal colossal image, representing Siva in the triple aspect of the principles of creation, preservation and dissolution in the rock-cut cave at Elephanta (near Bombay), excavated in circa 8th century A.D. under the Rashtrakutas.

4. 1 anna Stamp, Turquoise, BODHISATTVA — A splendid piece of medieval sculpture representing an image of Bodhisattva Simhanada Lokesvara from Mahoba, now in the Provincial Museum, Lucknow.

5. 1-1/2 annas Stamp, red brown KONARAK HORSE — Powerfully modelled specimen of animal sculpture in the Sun-temple at Konarak —a gem of Orissan architecture—built between A.D. 1238 and 1264.

6. 2 annas Stamp, Carmine, NATARAJA — The famous bronze image of Siva, conceived as the Great Cosmic Dancer, from Tiruvelangadu in the Chittur District of Madras, assignable to circa 1100 A.D. This represents the high water-mark of the Chola art of bronze-casting.

7. 2-1/2 annas Stamp, Orange, SANCHI STUPA, EAST GATE—One of the four ornamental gateways of the great stupa at Sanchi in Central India, constructed during second-first centuries B.C. The gateway, which is a marvel of architecture conceived in wood and executed in stone, has panels carved with scenes from the life of Buddha.

8. 3-1/2 annas Stamp, Maltese Blue, BODH GAYA (BIHAR PROVINCE) —The nucleus of this much-restored temple dates from circa 6th century A.D. and commemorates the spot wher Buddha received supreme enlightenment. It is a place of special sanctity to the Buddhists all the world over.

9. 4 annas Stamp, red purple, BHUVANESVARA — The Lingaraja at Bhuvaneswara with a sikhara of superb grace is the most majestic Indian temple now standing and marks the culminating point of temple architecture of Orissa. Built in circa 1000 A.D., it originally consisted of a sanctum and a porch or JAGMOHAN to which were subsequently added the Nata—and Bhoga —mandapas, probably during the 12th century A.D.

10. 6 annas Stamp, mauve, GOL GUMBAD, BIJAPUR — The dome of the Tomb of Muhammad Adil Shah (A.D. 1626-1656) is one of the largest in the world, measuring 124-1/2 feet in diameter internally and 144 feet externally, leaving a 12 feet wide 'whispering gallery' all round the interior. The floor area of its hall is the geatest unbroken space (18,357 sq. ft.) of any single-domed structure in the world, while its architecture is remarkable for simple and massive gandeur and constructive boldness.

11. 8 annas Stamp, jade green, KANDARYA MAHADEVA TEMPLE —This temple, situated at the old Chandela capital of Khajuraho in Bundelkhand, is the finest of a group of monuments, remarkable as much for architectural beauty as for the excellence of its sculptural decoration. It dates from circa 10th century A.D.

12. 12 annas Stamp, light blue, GOLDEN TEMPLE, AMRITSAR— This temple, begun by the Sikhs in the reign of Akbar (A.D. 1556-1605) and rebuilt in 1776, is a square two-storeyed building in an electric style decorated largely with marbles taken from the tomb of Jahangir. Its interior wood-work is admirably ornamented with ivory inlay, in a manner still practised in the Punjab.

13. Rupee One Stamp, dark green border and inset deep purple, VICTORY TOWER, CHITTORGARH— Constructed between A.D. 1442 and 1449 by Maharana Kumbha to commemorate his victory over Mahmud Khalji, Sultan of Malwa, it is a nine-storeyed tower of marble, containing a large variety of labelled images of the Hindu pantheon.

14. Rs. 2 Stamp, purple border and inset deep red, RED FORT, DELHI— Built by Shahjahan between A. D. 1638 and 1648, this fort, around which has centred centuries of Indian History measures about 1-1/2 miles in circumference and contains in a picturesque setting of gardens numerous palaces and buildings, including the Diwan-i-am, Diwan-i-Khas, Mumi-Khas, Mumtaz Mahal, Rang Mahal, Moti Masjid etc.

15. Rs. 5 Stamp, red brown border and inset dark green, TAJ MAHAL, AGRA— Extolled in world's poetry and architecture as the noblest and most beautiful monument, it was built by Emperor Shahjahan between A. D. 1631 and 1648 as a mausoleum for his beloved wife Mumtaz Mahal. In 1666 the mortal remains of the Emperor were also interred in this tomb.

16. Rs. 10 Stamp, dark blue border and inset red brown, QUTB MINAR, DELHI— This lofty (238 ft high) tower for sounding the AZAN or call for prayers belongs to a large mosque complex and constitutes a landmark of Saracenic architecture in India. It was begun in 1199 A.D. by outbuddin who built the first storey and was completed before A.D. 1235 by Iltumish who added 3 further storeys to it. Further additions and restorations were effected by Firozshah Tughlaq and Sikandar Lodi (1503 A.D.).

The Mohenjo-daro Bull, Ajanta Trimurti, Konarak Horse, Sanchi Stupa, Kandarya Mahadeva Temple and Bhuvanesvara on stamps of lower denomination take us to the farthermost era of Indian civilisation, while the impact of more recent history can be seen in stamps of higher denomination which are impressed with the Gol Gumbad of Bijapur, Victory Tower of Chittorgarh, Golden Temple of Amritsar, Red Fort and Taj Mahal. The Rs. 10 stamp has the imprint of the Qutb Minar of Delhi.

Printed on water mark paper in appropriate design and colour and **with the denominational value inscribed** both in English and Hindi, stamps are of the denominations of 3 Pies, 6 Pies, 9 Pies, 1 anna, 1½ annas, 2 annas 2½ annas, 3½ annas, 4 annas, 6 annas, 8 annas, 12 annas and 1 Rupee 2 Rupees, 5 rupees and 10 rupees respectively. They are printed at the Security Press, Nasik; those of anna and pies denominations by Letter-press and the others by Offset Lithography.

The designs of the Ajanta Panel on the 3 pies stamp and Sanchi Stupa East Gate on the 2½ annas stamp have been adopted from the drawings submitted by Miss Veermati D. Jadhav of Poona and Mrs. Karoona Shah of Calcutta respectively at the Postage Stamp competition held by the Posts & Telegraphs Department early in 1948. The Mohenjo-daro Bull on the 6 pies stamp has been drawn from the photograph obtained from the Department of Archaeology, although a similar design was received from Shri K. Vembu of Masulipatam. All other designs have been prepared from photographs obtained from the Director-General of Archaeology in India.

These stamps will be sold simultaneously with the present King George series of stamps till the latter are out of stock

NEHRU LAYS FOUNDATION OF VALLABHNAGAR

Assures Centre Will Do Its Best To Mitigate Suffering Of Famine-Stricken Gujerat

ANAND (Gujerat), Feb. 13, (A.P.I.): Big crowds from rural Gujerat lined up the 50-mile stretch of railway line from Ahmedabad to Anand this morning to catch a sight of the Prime Minister, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, as he speeded in a special train here to lay the foundation of Vallabh Nagar —a University Town to be known after Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Deputy Prime Minister of India.

The site of the new township almost borders on the nearby Karamsad village—the birthplace of the Sardar. A number of colleges and hostels are under construction near the proposed township and some are already working. The foundation of these colleges was laid last year by the former Governor-General, Lord Mountbatten —one of the last things he did before he relinquished office.

NAMED AFTER INDIA'S DISTINGUISHED SON

In a brief address after laying the foundation, Pandit Nehru told the gathering present that the township and other institutions around were testimony as to what constructive effort could achieve. He was happy that the township was named after a distinguished son of India, Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel.

"The whole of India has a claim on him and he belonged to all India. Yet he was born very near Vallabh Vidyanagar whose foundation I have just laid. And being the Sardar's birthplace people near about have the right to honour him by creating this town and building up these institutions which will enrich the country" Pandit Nehru said.

ASSURANCE TO FAMINE-STRICKEN GUJERAT

"It was my desire to visit Gujerat earlier. But I had no opportunity. Now I am on a pilgrimage to this place" continued Pandit Nehru.

He said he deeply regretted that scarcity conditions prevailed in Gujerat and gave them his personal assurance that the Central Government would do its best to mitigate their suffering. But, at the same time, the people must strive their utmost to help themselves and produce as much as they possibly could under the prevailing conditions.

Speaking in general terms of the good situation in the country as a whole, the Prime Minister said that until the large river valley schemes were completed there would be shortage of food in the country. Here again he would advise the people to do their best and supplement their food requirements with alternative diets, if necessary.

PEOPLE'S WELCOME TO PILGRIM

All along the 50-mile rail route southward from Ahmedabad to Anand, village folk turned up in large numbers, hung on to the wire fencing on either side of the track and lustily cheered the Prime Minister as he passed. Not for once during the hour and half journey was the cheering inaudible. At Nadiad, a wayside station, the crowds slowed down the train and would not go back until after the Prime Minister had spoken to them. At Anand, where he arrived this forenoon, it was people's welcome to the "pilgrim".

All roads from the station were tastefully decorated. Evergreens and plantains with clusters of fruit weighing them down lent the city a festive look. Huge life-size portraits of Sardar Patel hung down the festive arches and greeted the Prime Minister's motor route to Vallabh Nagar.

Thousands of people, vociferous in their cheering crowded the route, broke the cordon in many places and ran after the Prime Minister's car to shower flower petels on him and throw bouquets into the car.

VISIT TO AGRICULTURAL INSTITUTE

After laying the foundation stone of the Vallabh Vidyanagar the Prime Minister, Pandit Nehru, motored to the Anand Agricultural Institute which is claimed to be the best of its kind in Western India. Pandit Nehru was received by Mr. K. M. Munshi, Vice-President of the Institute and Dr. M. J. Patel, Chief of the Institute. Pandit Nehru was taken round the various departments. He spent sometime at the animal husbandry section. Later, Pandit Nehru addressed a group of farm workers and lunched at the Institute grounds. Not many years ago the site on which colleges and the town was being built was the rendezvous of dacoits and cattle lifters.

Earlier, requesting Pandit Nehru to lay the foundation stone of Vallabh Vidyanagar University Town—its founder, Mr. Bhailal Patel, Engineer, said that they were inspired by Mahatma Gandhi's ideal of carrying out constructive programme in rural areas on modern lines. The site was selected because it was near the birthplace—Karamsad—of Sardar Patel and his brother late Mr. Vithalbhai Patel. People residing in this area made a gift of 600 acres of land for this University Town. Various educational institutions including Birla Engineering College for which Mr. G. D. Birla and the Birla Education Trust had donated Rs. 25 lakhs had been started during the last two years.

The Bombay Premier, Mr. B. G. Kher, the Home Minister, Mr. Morarji Desai, Mr. Jivraj Mehta, Premier of Baroda, Mr. Kanjibhai Desai, President of the Gujrat Provincial Congress Committee, Mr. K. M. Munshi and officials of the Bombay Government, accompanied the Prime Minister to Anand.

MEETING MENACE FROM RUSSIA

Radar Interceptor Network Across Northern Canada

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12 (PTI-Reuter).—Canadian Prime Minister, Mr. Louis St. Laurent, said today the Canadian and United States Governments are planning a vast radar interceptor network across northern Canada.

This network would form an aircraft detection screen light across the arctic where, some military strategists contend, Russia would strike at this continent in the event of a war.

A Bill providing for a widely spaced radar screen around the United States has already been introduced in Congress

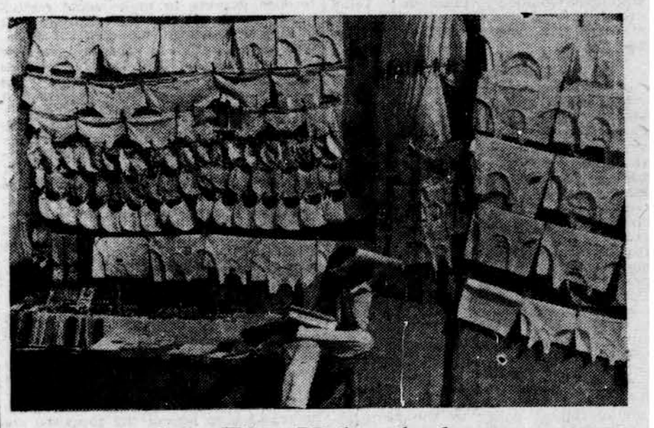
MAKING HEAVY ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT

India Government's Plan To Erect $ 45,000,000 Plant

NEW YORK, Feb. 13, (UPA)—The magazine 'Business Week,' has reported the Indian Government plans for the erection of a dol. 45,000,000 plant to make heavy electrical equipment and that British engineers "seem to have the inside track at the moment" for the contract.

It said the Associated Electrical Industries Limited was contracted to prepare the plans, "but the International General Electric Company will probably be asked to duplicate this work. Then one or the other will get the bid."

BOMBAY'S STREET VENDORS



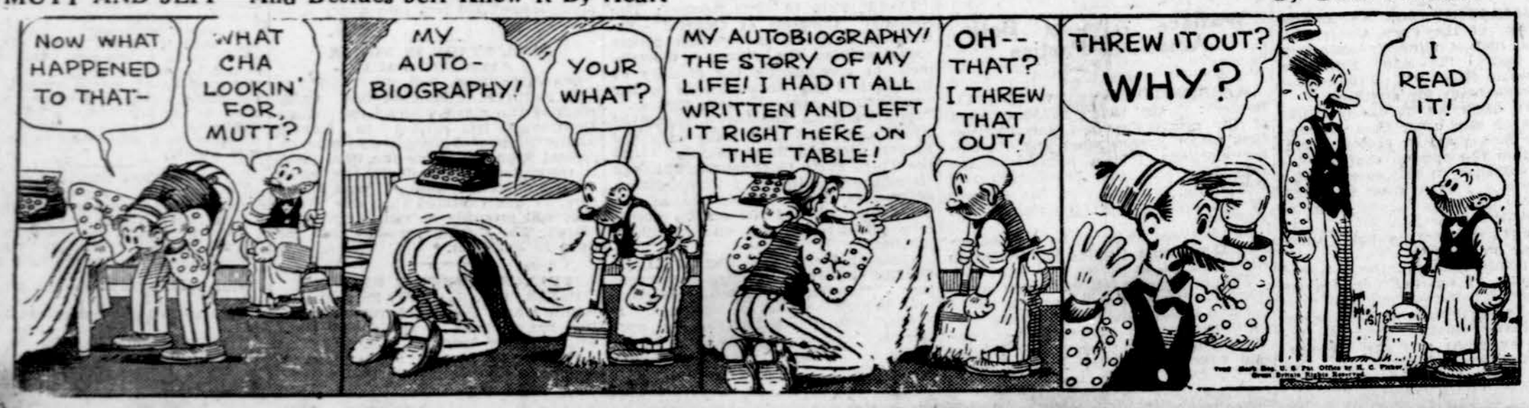
34. The Haberdasher

With its unique curved-line display will not fail to attract attention. Never mind if you have forgotten to draw up a list of articles you need. The shop owner will put down the cine magazine when you mention the word "Bibs please" and collect an assortment of tiny socks, underwear, clothes pins, napkins and all that you need to "celebrate" the new arrival. If you need six pairs, he will try to sell eight, calling the two extras "spare parts" for an emergency.

The shop owner may have a bored look because he is everything rolled into one—an accountant, a packer and a salesman. But he is alert. He will never forget to ask you: "How about something for you and the memsab, sir?" He has combs; he is prepared to sell one even to a bald client with an apology: "but your people at home." Between frequent queries about banyans with 30 size and underwear with 20 size, he seeks relaxation in photographs of cine stars.

MUTT AND JEFF—And Besides Jeff Knew It By Heart

By BUD FISHER


NOW WHAT HAPPENED TO THAT-
WHAT CHA LOOKIN' FOR, MUTT?
MY AUTO-BIOGRAPHY!
YOUR WHAT?
MY AUTOBIOGRAPHY! THE STORY OF MY LIFE! I HAD IT ALL WRITTEN AND LEFT IT RIGHT HERE ON THE TABLE!
OH-- THAT? I THREW THAT OUT!
THREW IT OUT? WHY?
I READ IT!

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